**Appendix 1.** Alien plant screening system from Pheloung et al. (1999) with minor modifications for use in Pacific Islands (Daehler, C. C., and D. A. Carino. 2000. Predicting invasive plants: Prospects for a general screening system based on current regional models. Biological Invasions 2:92-103.)

1	Domestication/	1.01	Is the species highly domesticated?	y=-3, n=0
	cultivation		Has the species become naturalized where grown?	y=1, n=-1
			Does the species have weedy races?	y=1, n=-1
2	Climata and		Species suited to tropical or subtropical climate(s) (0-low; 1-intermediate; 2-high) – If	See
2	Climate and Distribution		island is primarily wet habitat, then substitute "wet tropical" for "tropical or subtropical"	Append 2
			Quality of climate match data (0-low; 1-intermediate; 2-high) see appendix 2	леропа 2
			Broad climate suitability (environmental versatility)	y=1, n=0
			Native or naturalized in regions with tropical or subtropical climates	y=1, n=0
			Does the species have a history of repeated introductions outside its natural range? y=-2	
				?=-1, N=0
3	Weed		Naturalized beyond native range $y = 1$ *multiplier (see Append 2), n= question 2.05	
	Elsewhere (depends on 2.01 and 2.02)		Garden/amenity/disturbance weed $y = 1*multiplier$ (see Append 2)	n=0
		3.03	Agricultural/forestry/horticultural weed $y = 2^*$ multiplier (see Append 2)	n=0
		3.04	Environmental weed $y = 2*$ multiplier (see Append 2)	n=0
		3.05	Congeneric weed y = 1*multiplier (see Append 2)	n=0
B.Bi	ology/Ecology			
4	Undesirable	4.01	Produces spines, thorns or burrs	y=1, n=0
	traits		Allelopathic	y=1, n=0
			Parasitic	y=1, n=0
			Unpalatable to grazing animals	y=1, n=-1
			Toxic to animals	, ·
				y=1, n=0
			Host for recognized pests and pathogens	y=1, n=0
			Causes allergies or is otherwise toxic to humans	y=1, n=0
			Creates a fire hazard in natural ecosystems	y=1, n=0
			Is a shade tolerant plant at some stage of its life cycle	y=1, n=0
		4.10	Tolerates a wide range of soil conditions (or limestone conditions if not a volcanic island)	y=1, n=0
		4.11	Climbing or smothering growth habit	y=1, n=0
		4.12	Forms dense thickets	y=1, n=0
5	Plant	5.01	Aquatic	y=5, n=0
	type	5.02	Grass	y=1, n=0
		5.03	Nitrogen fixing woody plant	y=1, n=0
		5.04	Geophyte (herbaceous with underground storage organs bulbs, corms, or tubers)	y=1, n=0
6	Reproduction	6.01	Evidence of substantial reproductive failure in native habitat	y=1, n=0
		6.02	Produces viable seed.	y=1, n=-1
		6.03	Hybridizes naturally	y=1, n=-1
		6.04	Self-compatible or apomictic	y=1, n=-1
		6.05	Requires specialist pollinators	y=-1, n=0
		6.06	Reproduction by vegetative fragmentation	y=1, n=-1
		6.07	Minimum generative time (years) 1 year = 1, 2 or 3 years = 0, 4+ years = -1	See left
7	Dispersal mechanisms		Propagules likely to be dispersed unintentionally (plants growing in heavily trafficked areas)	y=1, n=-1
		7.02	Propagules dispersed intentionally by people	y=1, n=-1
			Propagules likely to disperse as a produce contaminant	y=1, n=-1
			Propagules adapted to wind dispersal	y=1, n=-1
			Propagules water dispersed	y=1, n=-1
			Propagules bird dispersed	y=1, n=-1
			Propagules dispersed by other animals (externally)	y=1, n=-1
			Propagules survive passage through the gut	y=1, n=-1
8	Persistance attributes		Prolific seed production (>1000/m2)	y=1, n=-1
			Evidence that a persistent propagule bank is formed (>1 yr)	y=1, n=-
			Well controlled by herbicides	y=-1, n=
			Tolerates, or benefits from, mutilation, cultivation, or fire	y=1, n=-1
		8.05	Effective natural enemies present locally (e.g. introduced biocontrol agents)	y=-1, n=