

Kappaphycus

Kappaphycus is a genus of red algae. Species are distributed in the waters of East Africa, Indonesia, Malaysia, Hainan Island, the Philippines, and Micronesia.^[1]

Genus *Kappaphycus* is “morphologically plastic”,^[2] with few visible characters that can be used to separate the taxa, so distinguishing the species can be difficult. In addition, many commercial varieties have been bred. Molecular analyses can be used.^{[2][3][4]}

In general, these algae have fleshy *thalli* that grow erect from one or more anchors. The longest individuals can exceed a meter in length. All species produce kappa-carrageenan.^[1] Farming of this is a large business in the Philippines. Prof. Gavino Cajulao Trono Jr is a Filipino biologist dubbed the “Father of Kappaphycus farming”.^[5]

Kappaphycus alvarezii is widely cultivated as a raw source of carrageenan, and other species are used, as well. Several *Kappaphycus* are invasive species.^[6]

There are about 6 species:^[1]

- *Kappaphycus alvarezii*
- *Kappaphycus cottonii*
- *Kappaphycus inermis*
- *Kappaphycus malesianus*
- *Kappaphycus procrusteanus*
- *Kappaphycus striatus*

1 References

- [1] Guiry, M. D. In: Guiry, M. D. & G. M. Guiry. 2013. *Kappaphycus*. AlgaeBase. National University of Ireland, Galway. Accessed 07 November 2013.
- [2] Conklin, K. Y., et al. (2009). A molecular method for identification of the morphologically plastic invasive algal genera *Eucheuma* and *Kappaphycus* (Rhodophyta, Gigartinales) in Hawaii. *Journal of Applied Phycology* 21(6), 691-99.
- [3] Zuccarello, G. C., et al. (2006). Systematics and genetic variation in commercial *Kappaphycus* and *Eucheuma* (Solieriaceae, Rhodophyta). *Journal of Applied Phycology* 18(3-5) 643-51.

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[5] “Dr. Trono is the New National Scientist”. Retrieved August 25, 2014.

[6] Conklin, E. J. and J. E. Smith. (2005). Abundance and spread of the invasive red algae, *Kappaphycus* spp., in Kane'ohe Bay, Hawai'i and an experimental assessment of management options. *Biological Invasions* 7(6), 1029-39.

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