

Growth of chickpea is dramatically reduced when soil phosphate is limiting (foreground) compared with plots in which phosphate has been added to the soil (background).

Pakistan are alkaline and farmers are often faced with a different problem – lack of zinc. Priming with weak zinc solutions increased yield in chickpea by almost 50%, in wheat by over 20% and in maize by over 30%, again at negligible cost. There have been many observations by farmers that primed crops



Chickpea in the background responds dramatically to added molybdenum in Bangladesh